UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-Q

\times	QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934
	For the quarterly period ended June 30, 2022
	OR
	TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934
	For the transition period from to
	Commission File Number: 001-37552
	WILLSCOT = MOBILE MINI

HOLDINGS COF





WILLSCOT MOBILE MINI HOLDINGS CORP.

Delaware

(State or other jurisdiction of incorporation)

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

82-3430194

(I.R.S. Employer Identification No.)

4646 E Van Buren St., Suite 400 Phoenix, Arizona 85008 (Address of principal executive offices, including zip code)

(480) 894-6311

(Registrant's telephone number, including area code)

Securities registered pursuant to Section 12(b) of the Act:

Title of each class	Trading Symbol(s)	Name of each exchange on which registered
Common Stock, par value \$0.0001 per share	WSC	The Nasdaq Capital Market
Warrants to purchase Common Stock ⁽¹⁾	WSCTW	OTC Markets Group Inc.

(1) Issued in connection with the registrant's acquisition of Modular Space Holding, Inc. in August 2018, which are exercisable for one share of the registrant's common stock at an exercise price of \$15.50 per share.

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes 🛛 No 🗆

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically every Interactive Data File required to be submitted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulations S-T (§232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit such files). Yes 🛛 No 🗆

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, a smaller reporting company, or an emerging growth company. See the definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer," "smaller reporting company," and "emerging growth company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.

Large accelerated filer ⊠ Non-accelerated filer □ Accelerated filer
Smaller reporting company
Emerging growth company

If an emerging growth company, indicate by check mark if the registrant has elected not to use the extended transition period for complying with any new or revised financial accounting standards provided pursuant to Section 13(a) of the Exchange Act. \Box

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Act). Yes 🗆 No 🗵

Shares of Common Stock, par value \$0.0001 per share, outstanding: 213,700,706 shares at August 1, 2022.

WILLSCOT MOBILE MINI HOLDINGS CORP. Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q

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ITEM 1. Financial Statements

WillScot Mobile Mini Holdings Corp. Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets

(in thousands, except share data)		June 30, 2022 (unaudited)		December 31, 2021
Assets				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	11,706	\$	12,699
Trade receivables, net of allowances for credit losses at June 30, 2022 and December 31, 2021 of \$53,544 and \$47,629, respectively		440,993		399,887
Inventories		41,824		32,739
Prepaid expenses and other current assets		44,245		36,761
Assets held for sale		1,518		954
Total current assets		540,286		483,040
Rental equipment, net		3,257,475		3,080,981
Property, plant and equipment, net		322,707		312,178
Operating lease assets		235,266		247,064
Goodwill		1,171,725		1,178,806
Intangible assets, net		446,578		460,678
Other non-current assets		4,771		10,852
Total long-term assets		5,438,522		5,290,559
Total assets	\$	5,978,808	\$	5,773,599
Liabilities and equity				
Accounts payable	\$	155,901	\$	118,271
Accrued expenses		115,124		100,195
Accrued employee benefits		63,331		68,414
Deferred revenue and customer deposits		189,333		159,639
Operating lease liabilities - current		52,495		53,005
Current portion of long-term debt		20,663		18,121
Total current liabilities		596,847		517,645
Long-term debt		3,017,678		2,694,319
Deferred tax liabilities		390,092		354,879
Operating lease liabilities - non-current		183,851		194,256
Other non-current liabilities		16,390		15,737
Long-term liabilities		3,608,011		3,259,191
Total liabilities		4,204,858		3,776,836
Commitments and contingencies (see Note 16)				
Preferred Stock: \$0.0001 par, 1,000,000 shares authorized and zero shares issued and outstanding at June 30, 2022 and December 31, 2021		_		_
Common Stock: \$0.0001 par, 500,000,000 shares authorized and 216,090,996 and 223,939,527 shares issued and outstanding at June 30, 2022 and December 31, 2021, respectively		22		22
Additional paid-in-capital		3,295,747		3,616,902
Accumulated other comprehensive loss		(55,276)		(29,071)
Accumulated deficit		(1,466,543)		(1,591,090)
Total shareholders' equity	-	1,773,950		1,996,763
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity	\$	5,978,808	\$	5,773,599
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See the accompanying notes which are an integral part of these condensed consolidated financial statements.

WillScot Mobile Mini Holdings Corp. Condensed Consolidated Statements of Operations (Unaudited)

		(Unaudited)					
		Three Months	End	led June 30,	Six Months Ended June 30,			
(in thousands, except share and per share data)		2022		2021		2022		2021
Revenues:								
Leasing and services revenue:								
Leasing	\$	428,620	\$	343,179	\$	821,812	\$	658,841
Delivery and installation		125,403		91,680		225,734		175,184
Sales revenue:								
New units		11,094		11,008		17,691		21,963
Rental units		16,525		15,235		25,299		30,437
Total revenues		581,642		461,102		1,090,536		886,425
Costs:								
Costs of leasing and services:								
Leasing		96,912		83,032		185,790		152,927
Delivery and installation		93,587		77,153		175,102		147,289
Costs of sales:								
New units		6,139		7,052		10,465		14,161
Rental units		8,955		8,162		14,099		17,267
Depreciation of rental equipment		67,176		62,893		129,392		118,591
Gross profit		308,873		222,810		575,688		436,190
Expenses:								
Selling, general and administrative		162,164		122,387		312,374		239,716
Other depreciation and amortization		19,054		21,622		38,658		39,946
Lease impairment expense and other related charges		(9)		474		254		1,727
Restructuring costs		(86)		6,960		(86)		10,102
Currency (gains) losses, net		(127)		33		11		69
Other (income) expense, net		(3,784)		719		(5,093)		(1,269
Operating income		131,661		70,615		229,570		145,899
Interest expense		33,574		29,212		64,564		59,176
Fair value (gain) loss on common stock warrant liabilities		_		(610)		_		26,597
Loss on extinguishment of debt		_		2,814		_		5,999
Income before income tax		98.087		39,199		165,006		54,127
Income tax expense		24,711		18,828		40,459		29,309
Net Income	\$	73,376	\$	20,371	\$	124,547	\$	24,818
Earnings per share								
Basic	\$	0.33	¢	0.09	¢	0.56	¢	0.11
Diluted	ֆ Տ	0.33		0.09		0.55		0.11
Weighted average shares:	Ψ	0.52	Ψ	0.00	Ψ	0.00	Ψ	0.1
Basic		223,376,276		228,406,812		222,196,986		228,350,318
		, ,		, ,		, ,		234,898,911
Diluted		227,484,012		236,536,713		226,983,150		234

See the accompanying notes which are an integral part of these condensed consolidated financial statements.

WillScot Mobile Mini Holdings Corp. Condensed Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income (Loss)

(Unaudited)

	Th	ree Months	Ende	ed June 30,	Six Mont Jun	
(in thousands)		2022		2021	2022	2021
Net income	\$	73,376	\$	20,371	\$ 124,547	\$ 24,818
Other comprehensive (loss) income:						
Foreign currency translation adjustment, net of income tax expense of \$0 for both the three and six months ended June 30, 2022 and \$60 and \$0 for the three and six months ended June 30, 2021, respectively.	e	(25,628)		3,093	(29,702)	8,127
Net change in derivatives, net of income tax expense of \$394 and \$656 for the three months ended June 30, 2022 and 2021, respectively, and \$1,171 and \$1,323 for the six months ended June 30, 2022 and 2021, respectively.		1,176		2,146	3,497	4,323
Total other comprehensive (loss) income	_	(24,452)		5,239	 (26,205)	 12,450
Total comprehensive income	\$	48,924	\$	25,610	\$ 98,342	\$ 37,268

See the accompanying notes which are an integral part of these condensed consolidated financial statements.

WillScot Mobile Mini Holdings Corp. Condensed Consolidated Statements of Changes in Equity (Unaudited) Six Months Ended June 30, 2022

	Common S	Stock	Additional	Accumulated Other Comprehensive	Accumulated	Total Shareholders'
(in thousands)	Shares	Amount	Paid-in-Capital	Income (Loss)	Deficit	Equity
Balance at December 31, 2021	223,940 \$	22 \$	3,616,902	\$ (29,071) \$	(1,591,090) \$	1,996,763
Net income	_	_	_	_	51,171	51,171
Other comprehensive loss	—	—	—	(1,753)	—	(1,753)
Stock-based compensation and issuance of Common Stock from vesting	498	_	6,395	_	_	6,395
Repurchase and cancellation of Common Stock and warrants	(2,064)	_	(77,409)	_	_	(77,409)
Issuance of Common Stock from the exercise of options and warrants	800	_	3,313	_	_	3,313
Withholding taxes on net share settlement of stock- based compensation	_	_	(12,295)	_	_	(12,295)
Balance at March 31, 2022	223,174 \$	22 \$	3,536,906	\$ (30,824) \$	(1,539,919) \$	5 1,966,185
Net income	—		_	_	73,376	73,376
Other comprehensive loss	_	_	_	(24,452)	_	(24,452)
Stock-based compensation and issuance of Common Stock from vesting	70	_	9,292	_	_	9,292
Repurchase and cancellation of Common Stock and warrants	(7,222)	_	(249,515)	_	_	(249,515)
Issuance of Common Stock from the exercise of options and warrants	69	_	139	_	_	139
Withholding taxes on net share settlement of stock- based compensation	_		(1,075)		_	(1,075)
Balance at June 30, 2022	216,091 \$	22 \$	3,295,747	\$ (55,276) \$	(1,466,543) \$	5 1,773,950

	Six Months Ende	d June 30, 2	2021				
(in thousands)	Common S Shares	tock Amount		Additional aid-in-Capital	Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income (Loss)	Accumulated Deficit	Total Shareholders' Equity
Balance at December 31, 2020	229,038 \$	23	\$	3,852,291	\$ (37,207) \$	\$ (1,751,234) \$	2,063,873
Net income	—	_		—		4,447	4,447
Other comprehensive income	—	_		—	7,211	—	7,211
Stock-based compensation and issuance of Common Stock from vesting	229	_		4,951	_	_	4,951
Repurchase and cancellation of Common Stock and warrants	(2,793)	_		(76,788)	_	_	(76,788)
Issuance of Common Stock from the exercise of options and warrants	341	_		5,414	_	_	5,414
Withholding taxes on net share settlement of stock- based compensation	_	_		(3,219)	_	_	(3,219)
Balance at March 31, 2021	226,815 \$	23	\$	3,782,649	\$ (29,996) \$	\$ (1,746,787) \$	2,005,889
Net income	_	_		_	_	20,371	20,371
Other comprehensive income	_	_		_	5,239	_	5,239
Stock-based compensation and issuance of Common Stock from vesting	60	_		9,038	_	_	9,038
Repurchase and cancellation of Common Stock and warrants	(4,100)			(35,508)	_	_	(35,508)
Issuance of Common Stock from the exercise of warrants	4,058	_		384	_	_	384
Balance at June 30, 2021	226,833 \$	23	\$	3,756,563	\$ (24,757) \$	\$ (1,726,416) \$	2,005,413

See the accompanying notes which are an integral part of these condensed consolidated financial statements.

WillScot Mobile Mini Holdings Corp. Condensed Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows (Unaudited)

(* () · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		Six Months E	nded J	une 30,
(in thousands)		2022		2021
Operating activities:				
Net income	\$	124,547	\$	24,818
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operating activities:				
Depreciation and amortization		168,050		160,480
Provision for credit losses		18,865		16,910
Gain on sale of rental equipment and other property, plant and equipment		(14,195)		(14,793)
Amortization of debt discounts and debt issuance costs		6,975		7,082
Fair value loss on common stock warrant liabilities		—		26,597
Loss on extinguishment of debt		—		5,999
Stock-based compensation expense		15,687		13,989
Deferred income tax expense		31,072		24,389
Unrealized currency gains, net		(71)		(184)
Other		1,916		—
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:				
Trade receivables		(60,737)		(50,324)
Inventories		(9,293)		(8,535)
Prepaid expenses and other assets		(13,907)		10,004
Operating lease assets and liabilities		936		(537)
Accounts payable and other accrued expenses		34,756		30,689
Deferred revenue and customer deposits		29,252		15,024
Net cash provided by operating activities		333,853		261,608
Investing activities:				
Acquisitions, net of cash acquired		(103,927)		_
Proceeds from sale of rental equipment		35,080		30,437
Purchase of rental equipment and refurbishments		(225,389)		(117,817)
Proceeds from sale of property, plant and equipment		751		16,438
Purchase of property, plant and equipment		(20,253)		(17,450)
Net cash used in investing activities		(313,738)		(88,392)
Financing activities:		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		,
Receipts from issuance of Common Stock from the exercise of options		3,452		5,798
Repurchase and cancellation of Common Stock and warrants		(319,225)		(214,299)
Receipts from borrowings		454,322		387,658
Payment of financing costs		(8,021)		· _
Repayment of borrowings		(127,607)		(347,225)
Payment of debt extinguishment premium costs		_		(3,705)
Principal payments on finance lease obligations		(10,353)		(7,921)
Taxes paid on employee stock awards		(13,370)		(3,219)
Net cash used in financing activities		(20,802)		(182,913)
Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents		(306)		162
Net change in cash and cash equivalents		(993)		(9,535)
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the period		12,699		24,937
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the period	\$	11,706	\$	15,402
Supplemental cash flow information:				
Interest paid ¹	\$	59,980	\$	52,053
Income taxes paid, net	\$	10,608		4,383
Capital expenditures accrued or payable	\$	39,949		19,099
	ψ	55,545	Ψ	13,039

¹ Includes \$5,948 of payments related to the interest rate swap for the six months ended June 30, 2021.

See the accompanying notes which are an integral part of these condensed consolidated financial statements.

WillScot Mobile Mini Holdings Corp. Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited)

NOTE 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Organization and Nature of Operations

WillScot Mobile Mini Holdings Corp. ("WillScot Mobile Mini" and, together with its subsidiaries, the "Company") is a leading business services provider specializing in innovative flexible work space and portable storage solutions in the United States ("US"), Canada, Mexico and the United Kingdom ("UK"). The Company also maintains a fleet of speciality containment products, including liquid and solid containment solutions. The Company leases, sells, delivers and installs mobile solutions and storage products through an integrated network of branch locations that spans North America and the UK.

Basis of Presentation and Principles of Consolidation

The accompanying unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the instructions to Form 10-Q and do not include all the information and notes required by US Generally Accepted Accounting Principles ("GAAP") for complete financial statements. The accompanying unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements comprise the financial statements of WillScot Mobile Mini and its subsidiaries that it controls due to ownership of a majority voting interest and contain all adjustments, which are of a normal and recurring nature, considered necessary by management to present fairly the financial position, results of operations and cash flows for the interim periods presented.

Subsidiaries are fully consolidated from the date of acquisition, being the date on which the Company obtains control, and continue to be consolidated until the date when such control ceases. The financial statements of the subsidiaries are prepared for the same reporting period as the Company. All intercompany balances and transactions are eliminated.

The results of operations for the three and six months ended June 30, 2022 are not necessarily indicative of the results to be expected for the full year. For further information, refer to the consolidated financial statements and notes included in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2021.

Reclassifications

Certain reclassifications have been made to prior year financial statements to conform to the current year presentation.

Recently Issued Accounting Standards

In October 2021, the FASB issued ASU 2021-08, Business Combinations (Topic 805): Accounting for Contract Assets and Contract Liabilities from Contracts with Customers ("ASU 2021-08"). ASU 2021-08 requires that an acquirer recognize and measure contract assets and liabilities acquired in a business combination in accordance with ASU 2014-09, Revenue from Contracts with Customers (Topic 606) ("ASC 606"). ASU 2021-08 is effective for annual periods beginning after December 15, 2022, including interim periods therein, with early adoption permitted. The guidance will be applied prospectively to acquisitions occurring on or after the effective date. The Company will continue to evaluate the impact of this guidance, which will depend on the contract assets and liabilities acquired in future business combinations.

NOTE 2 - Acquisitions

On July 1, 2020, WillScot Corporation ("WillScot"), and Mobile Mini, Inc. ("Mobile Mini") merged (the "Merger"). Immediately following the Merger, WillScot changed its name to "WillScot Mobile Mini Holdings Corp."

Asset Acquisitions

During the second quarter of 2022, the Company acquired certain assets and liabilities of several smaller entities, which consisted primarily of approximately 4,100 storage units and 1,000 modular units for \$47.1 million in cash. The accompanying consolidated financial statements include \$47.1 million of rental equipment as a result of these acquisitions. During the first quarter of 2022, the Company acquired certain assets and liabilities, which consisted primarily of approximately 400 blast resistant modular units.

Integration Costs

The Company recorded \$5.2 million and \$7.6 million in integration costs related to acquisitions and the Merger within selling, general and administrative ("SG&A") expense during the three months ended June 30, 2022 and 2021, respectively, and \$9.3 million and \$15.0 million in integration costs related to acquisitions and the Merger during the six months ended June 30, 2022 and 2021, respectively.

NOTE 3 - Revenue

Revenue Disaggregation

Geographic Areas

The Company had total revenue in the following geographic areas for the three and six months ended June 30, 2022 and 2021 as follows:

		Six Mont Jun	led			
(in thousands)		2022	2021	2022		2021
US	\$	517,374	\$ 399,280	\$ 969,342	\$	770,549
Canada		32,901	29,543	58,174		53,127
Mexico		4,703	3,848	8,917		7,311
UK		26,664	28,431	54,103		55,438
Total revenues	\$	581,642	\$ 461,102	\$ 1,090,536	\$	886,425

Major Product and Service Lines

Equipment leasing is the Company's core business and the primary driver of the Company's revenue and cash flows. This includes modular space, portable storage and tank and pump units along with value-added products and services ("VAPS"), which include furniture, steps, ramps, basic appliances, internet connectivity devices, security products, shelving systems and other items used by customers in connection with the Company's products. Leasing is complemented by new unit sales and sales of rental units. In connection with its leasing and sales activities, the Company provides services including delivery and installation, maintenance and ad hoc services and removal services at the end of lease transactions. The Company's revenue by major product and service line for the three and six months ended June 30, 2022 and 2021 was as follows:

	Three Mor Jun	nths Ei e 30,	nded	Six Months Ended June 30,				
(in thousands)	2022		2021		2022		2021	
Modular space leasing revenue	\$ 212,862	\$	181,376	\$	411,939	\$	351,328	
Portable storage leasing revenue	88,548		58,848		166,532		113,461	
Tank and pump leasing revenue	20,706		17,109		39,937		32,869	
VAPS and third party leasing revenues ^(a)	87,498		70,880		168,424		133,306	
Other leasing-related revenue ^(b)	19,006		14,966		34,980		27,877	
Leasing revenue	 428,620		343,179		821,812		658,841	
Delivery and installation revenue	125,403		91,680		225,734		175,184	
Total leasing and services revenue	 554,023		434,859		1,047,546		834,025	
New unit sales revenue	11,094		11,008		17,691		21,963	
Rental unit sales revenue	16,525		15,235		25,299		30,437	
Total revenues	\$ 581,642	\$	461,102	\$	1,090,536	\$	886,425	

(a)

(a) Includes \$6.8 million and \$7.8 million of service revenue for the three months ended June 30, 2022 and 2021, respectively, and \$14.3 million and \$14.0 million of service revenue for the six months ended June 30, 2022 and 2021, respectively.

(b) Includes primarily damage billings, delinquent payment charges, and other processing fees.

Leasing and Services Revenue

The majority of revenue (73% and 74% for the three and six months ended June 30, 2022, respectively, and 73% for both the three and six months ended June 30, 2021) was generated by rental income subject to the guidance of ASU 2018-11, *Leases (Topic 842)* ("ASC 842"). The remaining revenue was generated by performance obligations in contracts with customers for services or sale of units subject to the guidance in ASC 606.

Receivables and Credit Losses

The Company is exposed to credit losses from trade receivables and manages credit risk at the customer level. Because the same customers generate the revenues that are accounted for under both ASC 606 and ASC 842, the discussions below on credit risk and the Company's allowance for credit losses address the Company's total revenues.

Concentration of credit risk with respect to the Company's receivables is limited because of a large number of geographically diverse customers who operate in a variety of end user markets.

The Company assesses each customer's ability to pay for the products it leases or sells by conducting a credit review that considers expected billing exposure, timing for payment and the customer's established credit rating. The Company performs its credit review of new customers at inception of the customer relationship and for existing customers when the customer transacts after a defined period of dormancy. The Company also considers contract terms and conditions, country risk and business strategy in the evaluation.

The Company monitors ongoing credit exposure through an active review of customer balances against contract terms and due dates. The Company may employ collection agencies and legal counsel to pursue recovery of defaulted receivables. The allowance for credit losses reflects the estimate of the amount of receivables that the Company will be unable to collect based on historical collection experience and, as applicable, current conditions and reasonable and supportable forecasts that affect collectability. The Company's estimate reflects changing circumstances, including changes in the economy or in the particular circumstances of individual customers. Accordingly, the Company may be required to increase or decrease its allowance.

Activity in the allowance for credit losses was as follows:

	Three Months Ended June 30,				Six Months Ended June 30,			
(in thousands)		2022		2021	2022		2021	
Balance at beginning of period	\$	49,258	\$	31,630	\$ 47,629	\$	29,258	
Provision for credit losses, net of recoveries		10,264		8,390	18,865		16,910	
Write-offs		(5,900)		(4,058)	(12,910)		(9,872)	
Foreign currency translation and other		(78)		823	(40)		489	
Balance at end of period	\$	53,544	\$	36,785	\$ 53,544	\$	36,785	

Contract Assets and Liabilities

When customers are billed in advance for services, the Company defers recognition of revenue until the related services are performed, which generally occurs at the end of the contract. The balance sheet classification of deferred revenue is determined based on the contractual lease term. For contracts that continue beyond their initial contractual lease term, revenue continues to be deferred until the services are performed. During the three months ended June 30, 2022, deferred revenue relating to services billed in advance of \$20.7 million was recognized as revenue. As of June 30, 2022 and December 31, 2021, the Company had approximately \$95.7 million and \$79.4 million, respectively, of deferred revenue related to these services.

The Company does not have material contract assets and it did not recognize any material impairments of contract assets. The Company's uncompleted contracts with customers have unsatisfied (or partially satisfied) performance obligations. For the future services revenues that are expected to be recognized within twelve months, the Company has elected to utilize the optional disclosure exemption made available regarding transaction price allocated to unsatisfied (or partially unsatisfied) performance obligations that will be completed in greater than twelve months is variable based on the costs ultimately incurred to provide those services and therefore the Company is applying the optional expedient to omit disclosure of such amounts.

The primary costs to obtain contracts for new and rental unit sales with the Company's customers are commissions. The Company pays its sales force commissions on the sale of new and rental units. For new and rental unit sales, the period benefited by each commission is less than one year; therefore, the commissions are expensed as incurred.

NOTE 4 - Leases

As of June 30, 2022, the undiscounted future lease payments for operating and finance lease liabilities were as follows:

(in thousands)	C	Operating	Finance
2022 (remaining)	\$	32,125	\$ 11,992
2023		56,620	20,004
2024		47,858	17,092
2025		40,227	17,200
2026		29,457	15,202
Thereafter		69,628	21,304
Total lease payments		275,915	 102,794
Less: interest		(39,569)	(7,651)
Present value of lease liabilities	\$	236,346	\$ 95,143

Finance lease liabilities are included within long-term debt and current portion of long-term debt on the condensed consolidated balance sheets. The Company's lease activity during the six months ended June 30, 2022 and 2021 was as follows:

(in thousands)	Six Months E	nded June	e 30,
Financial Statement Line	2022		2021
Finance Lease Expense			
Amortization of finance lease assets	\$ 10,546	\$	9,514
Interest on obligations under finance leases	1,299		1,098
Total finance lease expense	\$ 11,845	\$	10,612
Operating Lease Expense			
Fixed lease expense			
Cost of leasing and services	\$ 1,574	\$	2,131
Selling, general and administrative	32,430		29,359
Lease impairment expense and other related charges	213		1,107
Short-term lease expense			
Cost of leasing and services	17,056		11,575
Selling, general and administrative	1,071		723
Variable lease expense			
Cost of leasing and services	2,822		3,373
Selling, general and administrative	4,273		3,792
Lease impairment expense and other related charges	40		335
Total operating lease expense	\$ 59,479	\$	52,395

Lease impairment expense and other related charges relate to closed locations that are no longer used in operations as a result of consolidation activities within the Company. During the six months ended June 30, 2022, the Company recorded \$0.3 million in lease impairment expense and other related charges which is comprised of closed location rent expense. During the six months ended June 30, 2021, the Company recorded \$1.7 million in lease impairment expense and other related charges which is comprised of \$1.5 million in closed location rent expense and \$0.2 million loss on lease exit and impairment charges.

Supplemental cash flow information related to leases for the six months ended June 30, 2022 and 2021 was as follows:

(in thousands)	Six Months Ended June 30,					
Supplemental Cash Flow Information		2022	2021			
Cash paid for the amounts included in the measurement of lease liabilities:						
Operating cash outflows from operating leases	\$	33,850	\$ 33,409			
Operating cash outflows from finance leases	\$	1,297	\$ 1,095			
Financing cash outflows from finance leases	\$	10,371	\$ 6,935			
Right of use assets obtained in exchange for lease obligations	\$	19,504	\$ 28,288			
Assets obtained in exchange for finance leases	\$	17,065	\$ 11,530			

Weighted-average remaining operating lease terms and the weighted average discount rates as of June 30, 2022 and December 31, 2021 were as follows:

Lease Terms and Discount Rates	June 30, 2022	December 31, 2021
Weighted-average remaining lease term - operating leases	6.1 years	6.1 years
Weighted-average discount rate - operating leases	4.9 %	5.0 %
Weighted-average remaining lease term - finance leases	4.8 years	4.5 years
Weighted-average discount rate - finance leases	3.2 %	2.9 %

NOTE 5 - Inventories

Inventories at the respective balance sheet dates consisted of the following:

(in thousands)	Ju	ne 30, 2022	December 31, 2021
Raw materials	\$	35,411 \$	\$ 26,854
Finished units		6,413	5,885
Inventories	\$	41,824 \$	\$ 32,739

NOTE 6 - Rental Equipment, net

Rental equipment, net at the respective balance sheet dates consisted of the following:

(in thousands)	June 30, 2022	December 31, 2021
Modular space units	\$ 3,185,153	\$ 3,005,195
Portable storage units	821,582	758,619
Tank and pump products	167,854	156,112
Value added products	189,534	168,419
Total rental equipment	 4,364,123	 4,088,345
Less: accumulated depreciation	(1,106,648)	(1,007,364)
Rental equipment, net	\$ 3,257,475	\$ 3,080,981

NOTE 7 - Goodwill

Changes in the carrying amount of goodwill were as follows:

(in thousands)	N	A Modular	NA Storage	UK Storage	Та	nk and Pump	Total
Balance at December 31, 2020	\$	235,828	\$ 726,529	\$ 65,600	\$	143,262	\$ 1,171,219
Changes to Mobile Mini purchase accounting		285,000	(233,666)	—		(43,173)	8,161
Effects of movements in foreign exchange rates		221	(311)	(502)		18	(574)
Balance at December 31, 2021		521,049	492,552	65,098		100,107	1,178,806
Effects of movements in foreign exchange rates		(354)	(234)	(6,493)		—	(7,081)
Balance at June 30, 2022	\$	520,695	\$ 492,318	\$ 58,605	\$	100,107	\$ 1,171,725

The Company had no goodwill impairment during the six months ended June 30, 2022 or the year ended December 31, 2021.

NOTE 8 - Intangibles

Intangible assets other than goodwill at the respective balance sheet dates consisted of the following:

	June 30, 2022							
(in thousands)	Weighted average remaining life (in years)	G	ross carrying amount		Accumulated amortization		Net book value	
Intangible assets subject to amortization:								
Mobile Mini customer relationships	6.1	\$	209,000	\$	(52,422)	\$	156,578	
Technology	4.0		1,500		(500)		1,000	
Indefinite-lived intangible assets:								
Trade name - Mobile Mini			164,000		—		164,000	
Trade name - WillScot			125,000		—		125,000	
Total intangible assets other than goodwill		\$	499,500	\$	(52,922)	\$	446,578	

(in thousands)	Weighted average remaining life (in years)	Gr	oss carrying amount	Accumulated amortization		Net book value
Intangible assets subject to amortization:						
Mobile Mini customer relationships	6.6	\$	209,000	\$ (38,447)	\$	170,553
Technology	4.5		1,500	(375)		1,125
Indefinite-lived intangible assets:						
Trade name - Mobile Mini			164,000	_		164,000
Trade name - WillScot			125,000	_		125,000
Total intangible assets other than goodwill		\$	499,500	\$ (38,822)	\$	460,678

Amortization expense related to intangible assets was \$6.6 million and \$6.8 million for the three months ended June 30, 2022 and 2021, respectively, and \$13.2 million and \$13.8 million for the six months ended June 30, 2022 and 2021, respectively.

Based on the carrying value at June 30, 2022, future amortization of intangible assets is expected to be as follows for the years ended December 31:

(in thousands)	
2022 (remaining)	\$ 13,334
2023	26,416
2024	26,416
2025	26,416
2026	25,287
Thereafter	39,709
Total	\$ 157,578

NOTE 9 - Debt

The carrying value of debt outstanding at the respective balance sheet dates consisted of the following:

(in thousands, except rates)	Interest rate	Year of maturity	June 30, 2022	Dece	mber 31, 2021
2025 Secured Notes	6.125%	2025	\$ 519,215	\$	518,117
ABL Facility ^(a)	Varies	2027	1,931,009		1,612,783
2028 Secured Notes	4.625%	2028	492,974		492,490
Finance Leases	Varies	Varies	95,143		89,050
Total debt			 3,038,341		2,712,440
Less: current portion of long-term debt			20,663		18,121
Total long-term debt			\$ 3,017,678	\$	2,694,319

(a) As of December 31, 2021, the Company had no outstanding principal borrowings on the multicurrency revolving credit facility and \$6.2 million of related debt issuance costs. No related debt issuance costs were recorded as a direct offset against the principal borrowings on the Multicurrency Facility, and the \$6.2 million in excess of principal was included in other non-current assets on the condensed consolidated balance sheet as of December 31, 2021.

Asset Backed Lending Facility

On July 1, 2020, certain subsidiaries of the Company entered into an asset-based credit agreement (the "ABL Facility") that initially provided for revolving credit facilities in the aggregate principal amount of up to \$2.4 billion, consisting of: (i) a senior secured asset-based US dollar revolving credit facility in the aggregate principal amount of \$2.0 billion and (ii) a \$400.0 million senior secured asset-based multicurrency revolving credit facility available to be drawn in US Dollars, Canadian Dollars, British Pounds Sterling or Euros. The ABL Facility was initially scheduled to mature on July 1, 2025.

Borrowings under ABL Facility bear interest at a base rate plus an applicable margin determined quarterly by reference to the Company's excess availability for the most recently completed quarter. Effective January 7, 2022, borrowings were subject to the highest applicable margin and bore interest at (i) in the case of US Dollars, at the borrower's option, either an adjusted LIBOR rate plus 2.125% or an alternative base rate plus 1.125%, (ii) in the case of Canadian Dollars, at the borrower's option, either a Canadian BA rate plus 2.125% or Canadian prime rate plus 1.125%, (iii) in the case of Euros, the EURIBOR rate plus 2.125%, and (iv) in the case of British Pounds Sterling, the SONIA rate plus 2.125%.

On June 30, 2022, certain subsidiaries of the Company entered into an amendment to the ABL Facility to, among other things, extend the expiration date until June 30, 2027 and increase the aggregate principal amount of the revolving credit facilities to \$3.7 billion, consisting of: (i) a senior secured asset-based US dollar revolving credit facility in the aggregate principal amount of \$3.3 billion (the "US Facility") and (ii) a \$400.0 million senior secured asset-based multicurrency revolving credit facility (the "Multicurrency Facility"), available to be drawn in US Dollars, Canadian Dollars, British Pounds Sterling or Euros.

The amendment also converted the interest rate for borrowings denominated in US dollars from a LIBOR-based rate to a Term SOFR-based rate with an interest period of one month and adjusted the applicable margins. The applicable margin for Canadian BA rate, Term SOFR, British Pounds Sterling and Euros loans is 1.50%. The applicable margin for base rate and Canadian Prime Rate loans is 0.50%. The applicable margins are subject to one step down of 0.25% based on excess availability or one step up of 0.25% based on the Company's leverage ratio. The ABL Facility requires the payment of an annual commitment fee on the unused available borrowings of 0.20% annually. At June 30, 2022, the weighted average interest rate for borrowings under the ABL Facility was 3.13%.

Borrowing availability under the US Facility and the Multicurrency Facility is equal to the lesser of (i) the aggregate Revolver Commitments and (ii) the Line Cap. At June 30, 2022, the Company had \$2.0 billion outstanding principal under the ABL Facility, the Line Cap was \$3.0 billion, and the Company had \$1.0 billion of available borrowing capacity under the ABL Facility, including \$724.6 million under the US Facility and \$309.5 million under the Multicurrency Facility. At June 30, 2022, borrowing capacity under the ABL Facility allowed for up to \$204.9 million of letters of credit and up to \$220.0 million of swingline loans. The Company had issued \$15.1 million of standby letters of credit under the ABL Facility at June 30, 2022. At June 30, 2022, letters of credit and bank guarantees carried fees of 1.625% annually.

Debt issuance costs of \$40.2 million were included in the carrying value of the ABL Facility at June 30, 2022.

Finance Leases

The Company maintains finance leases primarily related to transportation equipment. At June 30, 2022 and December 31, 2021, obligations under finance leases for certain real property and transportation related equipment were \$95.1 million and \$89.1 million, respectively. Refer to Note 4 for further information.

The Company is in compliance with all debt covenants and restrictions for the aforementioned debt instruments as of June 30, 2022.

NOTE 10 – Equity

Common Stock

In connection with the stock compensation vesting events and stock option exercises described in Note 14, and the warrant exercises described in Note 11, the Company issued 1,437,420 shares of Common Stock during the six months ended June 30, 2022.

Stock Repurchase Program

A share repurchase program authorizes the Company to repurchase up to \$1.0 billion of its outstanding shares of Common Stock and equivalents. The stock repurchase program does not obligate the Company to purchase any particular number of shares, and the timing and exact amount of any repurchases will depend on various factors, including market pricing and conditions, business, legal, accounting, and other considerations. During the six months ended June 30, 2022, the Company repurchased 9,304,626 shares of Common Stock and stock equivalents for \$326.9 million. As of June 30, 2022, \$629.8 million of the approved repurchase amount remained available. In July 2022, the Company's Board of Directors approved an increase to the share repurchase program that authorizes the Company to repurchase up to \$1.0 billion of its outstanding shares of Common Stock and equivalents.

Accumulated Other Comprehensive Loss

The changes in accumulated other comprehensive income (loss) ("AOCI"), net of tax, for the six months ended June 30, 2022 and 2021 were as follows:

	Six Months Ended June 30, 2022							
(in thousands)	Foreign currency Unrealized losses on translation hedging activities				Total			
Balance at December 31, 2021	\$	(25,574)	\$	(3,497) \$		(29,071)		
Other comprehensive loss before reclassifications		(4,074)		(569)		(4,643)		
Reclassifications from AOCI to income		—		2,890		2,890		
Balance at March 31, 2022		(29,648)		(1,176)		(30,824)		
Other comprehensive loss before reclassifications		(25,628)		(464)		(26,092)		
Reclassifications from AOCI to income		—		1,640		1,640		
Balance at June 30, 2022	\$	(55,276)	\$	— \$		(55,276)		

	Six Months Ended June 30, 2021							
(in thousands)	Foreign currency translation	Unrealized losses on hedging activities	Total					
Balance at December 31, 2020	\$ (24,694)	\$ (12,513)	\$ (37,207)					
Other comprehensive income (loss) before reclassifications	5,034	(760)	4,274					
Reclassifications from AOCI to income	—	2,937	2,937					
Balance at March 31, 2021	 (19,660)	(10,336)	(29,996)					
Other comprehensive income (loss) before reclassifications	3,093	(848)	2,245					
Reclassifications from AOCI to income	_	2,994	2,994					
Balance at June 30, 2021	\$ (16,567)	\$ (8,190)	\$ (24,757)					

For the six months ended June 30, 2022 and 2021, \$4.5 million and \$5.9 million, was reclassified from AOCI into interest expense in the condensed consolidated statements of operations related to the interest rate swap discussed in Note 15. Associated with these reclassifications, the Company recorded tax expense of \$0.4 million and \$0.7 million for the three months ended June 30, 2022 and 2021, respectively, and \$1.1 million and \$1.3 million for the six months ended June 30, 2022 and 2021, respectively.

NOTE 11 – Warrants

2015 Warrants

WillScot was incorporated under the name Double Eagle Acquisition Corporation ("DEAC") on June 26, 2015. DEAC issued warrants to purchase its Common Stock in a private placement concurrently with its initial public offering (the "2015 Private Warrants") each of which entitled the holder to purchase one-half of one share of Common Stock. During the six months ended June 30, 2021, 3,055,000 of the 2015 Private Warrants were repurchased for \$25.5 million and cancelled. In addition, during the six months ended June 30, 2021, 9,655,000 warrants were exercised on a cashless basis, resulting in the issuance of 2,939,898 shares of Common Stock. As of June 30, 2021, no 2015 Private Warrants remained outstanding.

2018 Warrants

In connection with the Modular Space Holdings ("ModSpace") acquisition in 2018, WillScot issued warrants to purchase approximately 10.0 million shares of Common Stock (the "2018 Warrants") to former shareholders of ModSpace. Each 2018 Warrant entitles the holder to purchase one share of Common Stock at an exercise price of \$15.50 per share, subject to adjustment. The 2018 Warrants expire on November 29, 2022. During the six months ended June 30, 2022, 33,965 of the 2018 Warrants were repurchased for \$0.6 million and cancelled. In addition, during the six months ended June 30, 2022, 1,037,379 of the 2018 Warrants were exercised on a cashless basis, resulting in the issuance of 631,863 shares of common stock. At June 30, 2022, 3,006,829 of the 2018 Warrants were outstanding.

The Company accounted for its warrants in the following ways: (i) the 2015 Private Warrants as liabilities through their final repurchase or exercise in May 2021, and (ii) the 2018 Warrants as liabilities until June 30, 2020 after which they are accounted for as equity instruments. Warrants classified as liabilities were subject to remeasurement at each balance sheet date and transaction date with changes in the estimated fair values of the common stock warrant liabilities and gains and losses on extinguishment of common stock warrant liabilities reported in the consolidated statements of operations.

NOTE 12 – Income Taxes

The Company recorded \$24.7 million and \$40.5 million of income tax expense for the three and six months ended June 30, 2022, respectively, and \$18.8 million and \$29.3 million of income tax expense for the three and six months ended June 30, 2021, respectively. The Company's effective tax rate for the three and six months ended June 30, 2022 was 25.2% and 24.5%, respectively. The Company's effective tax rate for the three and six months ended June 30, 2021 was 48.0% and 54.2%, respectively.

The effective tax rate for the three and six months ended June 30, 2022 differed from the US federal statutory rate of 21% primarily due to state and provincial taxes offset by a discrete tax benefit related to employee stock vesting. The effective tax rate for the three and six months ended June 30, 2021 differed from the US statutory rate of 21% primarily due to the permanent add-backs related to changes in the estimated fair values of the Company's common stock warrant liabilities and the impact of the UK statutory rate increase.

NOTE 13 - Fair Value Measures

The fair value of financial assets and liabilities are included at the amount at which the instrument could be exchanged in a current transaction between willing parties, other than in a forced or liquidation sale.

The Company utilizes the suggested accounting guidance for the three levels of inputs that may be used to measure fair value:

Level 1 - Observable inputs such as quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities;

Level 2 - Observable inputs, other than Level 1 inputs in active markets, that are observable either directly or indirectly; and

Level 3 - Unobservable inputs for which there is little or no market data, which require the reporting entity to develop its own assumptions

The Company has assessed that the fair value of cash and cash equivalents, trade receivables, trade payables, and other current liabilities approximate their carrying amounts. Based on the borrowing rates currently available for bank loans with similar terms and average maturities, the fair value of finance leases at June 30, 2022 approximate their respective book values.

The following table shows the carrying amounts and fair values of financial liabilities which are disclosed, but not measured, at fair value, including their levels in the fair values hierarchy:

June 30, 2022 Fair Value Carrying C							December 3	1, 2021 Fair Value	
(in thousands)		Amount	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Carrying Amount	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3
ABL Facility	\$	1,931,009 \$	— \$	1,971,215 \$	— \$	1,612,783 \$	— \$	1,644,500 \$	
2025 Secured Notes		519,215	_	518,308	_	518,117	_	551,835	_
2028 Secured Notes		492,974	—	432,630	—	492,490	—	515,635	_
Total	\$	2,943,198 \$	— \$	2,922,153 \$	— \$	2,623,390 \$	— \$	2,711,970 \$	

As of June 30, 2022, the carrying values of the ABL Facility, the 2025 Secured Notes, and the 2028 Secured Notes included \$40.2 million, \$7.3 million, and \$7.0 million, respectively, of unamortized debt issuance costs, which were presented as a direct reduction of the corresponding liability. As of December 31, 2021, the carrying value of the ABL Facility, the 2025 Secured Notes, and the 2028 Secured Notes included \$31.7 million, \$8.4 million, and \$7.5 million, respectively, of unamortized debt issuance costs, which were presented as a direct reduction of the corresponding liability.

The carrying value of the ABL Facility, excluding debt issuance costs, approximates fair value as the interest rates are variable and reflective of current market rates. The fair value of the 2025 Secured Notes and the 2028 Secured Notes is based on their last trading price at the end of each period obtained from a third party. The classification and the fair value of derivative assets and liabilities designated as hedges in the condensed consolidated balance sheets are disclosed in Note 15.

Level 3 Disclosures

When the 2015 Private Warrants were classified as liabilities, the Company utilized a Black Scholes option-pricing model to value the warrants at each reporting period and transaction date, with changes in fair value recognized in the statements of operations. The estimated fair value of the common stock warrant liability was determined using Level 3 inputs. Inherent in the pricing model were assumptions related to expected share-price volatility, expected life, risk-free interest rate and dividend yield. The volatility assumption was based on a blend of peer group volatility and Company trading history that matched the expected remaining life of the warrants as the Company did not have a sufficient trading history as a stand-alone public company to rely exclusively on its own trading history. The risk-free interest rate was based on the US Treasury zero-coupon yield curve on the grant date for a maturity similar to the expected remaining life of the warrants was assumed to be equivalent to their remaining contractual term. The dividend rate was based on the historical rate, which the Company anticipated to remain at zero.

The following table presents changes in Level 3 liabilities measured at fair value for the three months ended June 30, 2021:

(in thousands)	2015 Priva	ate Warrants
Balance - March 31, 2021	\$	99,781
Exercise or conversion		(78,495)
Measurement adjustment		(1,571)
Repurchases		(19,715)
Balance- June 30, 2021	\$	—

The following table presents changes in Level 3 liabilities measured at fair value for the six months ended June 30, 2021:

(in thousands)	2015	Private Warrants
Balance - December 31, 2020	\$	77,404
Exercise or conversion		(78,495)
Measurement adjustment		25,486
Repurchases		(24,395)
Balance- June 30, 2021	\$	_

NOTE 14 - Stock-Based Compensation

Stock-based compensation expense includes grants of stock options, time-based restricted stock units ("Time-Based RSUs") and performance-based restricted stock units ("Performance-Based RSUs," together with Time-Based RSUs, the "RSUs"). In addition, stock-based payments to non-executive directors include grants of restricted stock awards ("RSAs"). Time-Based RSUs and RSAs are valued based on the intrinsic value of the difference between the exercise price, if any, of the award and the fair market value of WillScot Mobile Mini's Common Stock on the grant date. Performance-Based RSUs are valued based on a Monte Carlo simulation model to reflect the impact of the Performance-Based RSUs market condition. The probability of satisfying a market condition is considered in the estimation of the grant-date fair value for Performance-Based RSUs and the compensation cost is not reversed if the market condition is not achieved, provided the requisite service has been provided.

Restricted Stock Awards

The following table summarizes the Company's RSA activity:

	20)22		2021				
	Number of Shares		nted-Average Date Fair Value	Weighted-Average Number of Shares Grant Date Fair Valu				
Balance December 31,	36,176	\$	29.30	57,448	\$	11.75		
Granted	35,244	\$	37.17	44,708	\$	29.30		
Forfeited	—	\$	—	(4,266)	\$	29.30		
Vested	(36,176)	\$	29.30	(57,448)	\$	11.75		
Balance June 30,	35,244	\$	37.17	40,442	\$	29.30		

Compensation expense for RSAs recognized in SG&A expense on the condensed consolidated statements of operations was \$0.3 million and \$0.1 million for the three months ended June 30, 2022 and 2021, respectively. Compensation expense for RSAs recognized in SG&A expense on the condensed consolidated statements of operations was \$0.6 million and \$0.3 million for the six months ended June 30, 2022 and 2021, respectively. At June 30, 2022, there was \$1.2 million of unrecognized compensation cost related to RSAs that is expected to be recognized over the remaining weighted average vesting period of 0.9 years.

Time-Based RSUs

The following table summarizes the Company's Time-Based RSU activity:

	20)22	2021					
	Number of Shares	Weighted-Average Grant Date Fair Value	Number of Shares	Weighted-Average Grant Date Fair Value				
Balance December 31,	997,451	\$ 18.54	1,325,862	\$ 13.46				
Granted	357,639	\$ 35.53	405,505	\$ 27.20				
Forfeited	(31,712)	\$ 30.45	(65,153)	\$ 16.74				
Vested	(437,571)	\$ 16.61	(347,688)	\$ 13.30				
Balance June 30,	885,807	\$ 25.93	1,318,526	\$ 17.61				

Compensation expense for Time-Based RSUs recognized in SG&A expense on the condensed consolidated statements of operations was \$2.5 million and \$2.4 million for the three months ended June 30, 2022 and 2021, respectively.

Compensation expense for RSUs recognized in SG&A expense on the condensed consolidated statements of operations was \$4.7 million and \$4.3 million for the six months ended June 30, 2022 and 2021, respectively. At June 30, 2022, unrecognized compensation cost related to Time-Based RSUs totaled \$18.9 million and is expected to be recognized over the remaining weighted average vesting period of 2.7 years.

Performance-Based RSUs

The following table summarizes the Company's Performance-Based RSU award activity:

	20)22	2021				
	Number of Shares	Weighted-Average Grant Date Fair Value	Number of Shares	Weighted-Average Grant Date Fair Value			
Balance December 31,	1,536,394	\$ 26.34	593,388	\$ 14.88			
Granted	745,079	\$ 42.34	397,981	\$ 39.10			
Forfeited	(30,712)	\$ 41.81	(20,077)	\$ 25.87			
Vested	(313,152)	\$ 16.45	—	\$ —			
Balance June 30,	1,937,609	\$ 33.84	971,292	\$ 24.56			

Compensation expense for Performance-Based RSUs recognized in SG&A expense on the condensed consolidated statements of operations was \$6.5 million and \$2.0 million for the three months ended June 30, 2022 and 2021, respectively. Compensation expense for Performance-Based RSUs recognized in SG&A expense on the condensed consolidated statements of operations was \$10.3 million and \$3.1 million for the six months ended June 30, 2022 and 2021, respectively. At June 30, 2022, unrecognized compensation cost related to Performance-Based RSUs totaled \$47.5 million and is expected to be recognized over the remaining vesting period of 1.9 years.

Certain Performance-Based RSUs cliff vest based on achievement of the relative total stockholder return ("TSR") of the Company's Common Stock as compared to the TSR of the constituents in an index at the grant date over the performance period of three years. For 2022 grants, the TSR of the Company's Common Stock is compared to the TSR of the constituents in the S&P MidCap 400 Index. The target number of RSUs may be adjusted from 0% to 200% based on the TSR attainment levels defined by the Company's Compensation Committee. The 100% target payout is tied to performance at the 50% percentile, with a payout curve ranging from 0% (for performance less than the 25% percentile) to 200% (for performance above the 85% percentile).

Stock Options

The following tables summarize the Company's stock option activity:

	WillScot Options		Weighted-Average Exercise Price per Share	Converted Mobile Mini Options	Weighted-Average Exercise Price per Share
Balance December 31, 2021	534,188	\$	13.60	1,527,643	\$ 14.66
Exercised	_	\$	_	(237,819)	\$ 14.51
Balance June 30, 2022	534,188	\$	13.60	1,289,824	\$ 14.68
		-			
Fully vested and exercisable options, June 30, 2022	534,188	\$	13.60	1,289,824	\$ 14.68

	WillScot Options		Weighted-Average Exercise Price per Share	Converted Mobile Mini Options	Weighted-Average Exercise Price per Share
Balance December 31, 2020	534,188	\$	13.60	2,031,455	\$ 14.78
Forfeited	_	\$	_	(6,240)	\$ 12.19
Exercised	—	\$	—	(373,132)	\$ 15.77
Balance June 30, 2021	534,188	\$	13.60	1,652,083	\$ 14.57
Fully vested and exercisable options, June 30, 2021	400,641	\$	13.60	1,652,083	\$ 14.57

WillScot Options

Compensation expense for stock option awards, recognized in SG&A expense on the condensed consolidated statements of operations, was \$0.2 million for the three months ended June 30, 2021. Compensation expense for stock option awards, recognized in SG&A expense on the condensed consolidated statements of operations, was \$0.2 million and \$0.4 million for the six months ended June 30, 2022 and 2021.

NOTE 15 - Derivatives

On November 6, 2018, the Company entered into an interest rate swap agreement (the "Swap Agreement") with a financial counterparty that effectively converted \$400.0 million in aggregate notional amount of variable-rate debt under the Company's ABL facility into fixed-rate debt. The Swap Agreement terminated on May 29, 2022. Under the terms of the Swap Agreement, the Company received a floating rate equal to one-month LIBOR and made payments based on a fixed rate of 3.06% on the notional amount. The receive rate under the terms of the Swap Agreement was 0.11% at December 31, 2021. The Swap Agreement was designated and qualified as a hedge of the Company's exposure to changes in interest payment cash flows created by fluctuations in variable interest rates on the ABL facility.

The location and the fair value of derivative instruments designated as hedges, at the balance sheet date, was as follows:

(in thousands)	Balance Sheet Account	December 31, 2021
Cash Flow Hedges:		
Interest rate swap	Accrued expenses	\$ 5,259

The fair value of the interest rate swap was based on dealer quotes of market forward rates, a Level 2 input on the fair value hierarchy, and reflected the amount that the Company would receive or pay for contracts involving the same attributes and maturity dates.

The following table discloses the impact of the interest rate swap, excluding the impact of income taxes, on other comprehensive income ("OCI"), AOCI and the Company's combined consolidated statements of operations for the six months ended June 30,:

(in thousands)		2022	2021
Gain recognized in OCI	\$	4,669 \$	4,323
Location of gain recognized in income	In	terest expense, net	Interest expense, net
Loss reclassified from AOCI into income (effective portion)	\$	(4,530) \$	(5,931)

NOTE 16 - Commitments and Contingencies

The Company is involved in various lawsuits, claims and legal proceedings that arise in the ordinary course of business. The Company assesses these matters on a case-by-case basis as they arise and establishes reserves as required. As of June 30, 2022, with respect to these outstanding matters, the Company believes that the amount or range of reasonably possible loss will not, either individually or in the aggregate, have a material adverse effect on the consolidated financial position, results of operations, or cash flows. However, the outcome of such matters is inherently unpredictable and subject to significant uncertainties.

NOTE 17 - Segment Reporting

The Company operates in four reportable segments as follows: North America Modular Solutions ("NA Modular"), North America Storage Solutions ("NA Storage"), United Kingdom Storage Solutions ("UK Storage") and Tank and Pump Solutions ("Tank and Pump"). Total assets for each reportable segment are not available because the Company utilizes a centralized approach to working capital management. Transactions between reportable segments are not significant.

The Company defines EBITDA as net income (loss) plus interest (income) expense, income tax (benefit) expense, depreciation and amortization. The Company reflects the further adjustments to EBITDA ("Adjusted EBITDA") to exclude certain non-cash items and the effect of what the Company considers transactions or events not related to its core and ongoing business operations. In addition, the Chief Operating Decision Maker ("CODM") evaluates business segment performance utilizing Adjusted EBITDA as shown in the reconciliation of the Company's consolidated net income to Adjusted EBITDA below. Management believes that evaluating segment performance excluding such items is meaningful because it provides insight with respect to the intrinsic and ongoing operating results of the Company. The Company also regularly evaluates gross profit by segment to assist in the assessment of its operational performance. The Company considers Adjusted EBITDA to be the more important metric because it more fully captures the business performance of the segments, inclusive of indirect costs.



Reportable Segments

The following tables set forth certain information regarding each of the Company's reportable segments for the three and six months ended June 30, 2022 and 2021, respectively.

	Three Months Ended June 30, 2022									
(in thousands)	NΔ	Modular	N	A Storage	I	JK Storage	Tank and Pump	Unallocated Costs		Total
Revenues:		Thouanan		Alotoruge		Situage	i unp	00313		Total
Leasing and services revenue:										
Leasing	\$	252,046	\$	134,339	\$	20,156	\$ 22,079		\$	428,620
Delivery and installation		73,680		37,163		5,342	9,218			125,403
Sales revenue:										
New units		8,520		1,407		489	678			11,094
Rental units		13,424		2,311		679	111			16,525
Total revenues	_	347,670		175,220		26,666	32,086			581,642
Costs:										
Cost of leasing and services:										
Leasing		68,297		19,814		4,193	4,608			96,912
Delivery and installation		58,969		23,568		3,410	7,640			93,587
Cost of sales:										
New units		4,244		1,077		322	496			6,139
Rental units		6,947		1,531		500	(23)			8,955
Depreciation of rental equipment		55,405		7,826		1,152	2,793			67,176
Gross profit	\$	153,808	\$	121,404	\$	17,089	\$ 16,572		\$	308,873
Other selected data:					_					
Adjusted EBITDA	\$	127,881	\$	80,762	\$	12,230	\$ 12,462	\$ _	\$	233,335
Selling, general and administrative expense	\$	85,416	\$	48,468	\$	6,010	\$ 6,904	\$ 15,366	\$	162,164
Purchases of rental equipment and refurbishments	\$	82,482	\$	34,282	\$	7,604	\$ 5,785	\$ _	\$	130,153

	Three Months Ended June 30, 2021											
(in thousands)	NA	A Modular	ĸ	IA Storage		JK Storage	Tank and Pump		Unallocated Costs			Total
Revenues:	1.1/-	- modului		IA Otoruge		Shtoloruge		i unp		00313		rotar
Leasing and services revenue:												
Leasing	\$	217,635	\$	85,966	\$	21,014	\$	18,564			\$	343,179
Delivery and installation		54,851		23,519		5,839		7,471				91,680
Sales revenue:												
New units		6,871		1,864		1,295		978				11,008
Rental units		10,025		4,445		284		481				15,235
Total revenues		289,382		115,794		28,432		27,494				461,102
Costs:												
Cost of leasing and services:												
Leasing		61,773		12,174		4,729		4,356				83,032
Delivery and installation		51,154		16,743		3,309		5,947				77,153
Cost of sales:												
New units		4,376		1,122		845		709				7,052
Rental units		5,127		2,558		294		183				8,162
Depreciation of rental equipment		50,816		7,476		1,318		3,283				62,893
Gross profit	\$	116,136	\$	75,721	\$	17,937	\$	13,016			\$	222,810
Other selected data:												
Adjusted EBITDA	\$	103,545	\$	49,526	\$	12,328	\$	10,096	\$	—	\$	175,495
Selling, general and administrative expense	\$	63,406	\$	33,672	\$	6,926	\$	6,203	\$	12,180	\$	122,387
Purchases of rental equipment and refurbishments	\$	49,364	\$	8,773	\$	4,226	\$	2,919	\$	—	\$	65,282

	Six Months Ended June 30, 2022											
(in thousands)	NA	Modular	N	A Storage	U	K Storage		Tank and Pump	Unalloc	ated Costs		Total
Revenues:												
Leasing and services revenue:												
Leasing	\$	485,024	\$	252,920	\$	40,727	\$	43,141			\$	821,812
Delivery and installation		129,314		67,067		11,809		17,544				225,734
Sales revenue:												
New units		13,365		2,349		617		1,360				17,691
Rental units		19,653		4,368		953		325				25,299
Total revenues		647,356	_	326,704		54,106		62,370				1,090,536
Costs:												
Cost of leasing and services:												
Leasing		132,286		36,160		8,430		8,914				185,790
Delivery and installation		108,023		45,094		7,333		14,652				175,102
Cost of sales:												
New units		7,501		1,575		386		1,003				10,465
Rental units		10,485		2,884		657		73				14,099
Depreciation of rental equipment		106,322		14,457		2,290		6,323				129,392
Gross profit	\$	282,739	\$	226,534	\$	35,010	\$	31,405			\$	575,688
Other selected data:												
Adjusted EBITDA	\$	231,829	\$	144,587	\$	24,774	\$	23,968	\$	_	\$	425,158
Selling, general and administrative expense	\$	162,936	\$	96,406	\$	12,524	\$	13,761	\$	26,747	\$	312,374
Purchases of rental equipment and refurbishments	\$	140,059	\$	54,453	\$	17,219	\$	13,658	\$	_	\$	225,389

	Six Months Ended June 30, 2021											
(in thousands)	N	A Modular		NA Storage	ſ	UK Storage		Tank and Pump	Un	allocated Costs		Total
Revenues:	IN/	A WOULIAI		NA Storage		ok Storage		Pump		COSIS		TOLAI
Leasing and services revenue:												
Leasing	\$	417.243	\$	166,317	¢	39,735	\$	35,546			\$	658,841
Delivery and installation	φ	103,531	φ	44.884	φ	12,589	φ	14,180			φ	175,184
Sales revenue:		105,551		44,004		12,509		14,100				175,164
New units		14,331		4,048		2.166		1.418				21,963
Rental units		20,501		8,293		949		694				30,437
Total revenues		,									-	
lotar revenues		555,606		223,542		55,439		51,838				886,425
Costs:												
Cost of leasing and services:												
Leasing		112,848		22,907		9,025		8,147				152,927
Delivery and installation		95,859		32,483		7,400		11,547				147,289
Cost of sales:												
New units		9,250		2,463		1,434		1,014				14,161
Rental units		10,975		5,080		918		294				17,267
Depreciation of rental equipment		97,536		12,269		2,232		6,554				118,591
Gross profit	\$	229,138	\$	148,340	\$	34,430	\$	24,282			\$	436,190
Other selected data:			_		_		_					
Adjusted EBITDA	\$	200,916	\$	95,848	\$	23,392	\$	18,924	\$		\$	339,080
Selling, general and administrative expense	\$	125,756	\$	64,761	\$	13,269	\$	11,913	\$	24,017	\$	239,716
Purchases of rental equipment and refurbishments	\$	88,499	\$	12,245	\$	10,996	\$	6,077	\$		\$	117,817

The following table presents a reconciliation of the Company's Net income to Adjusted EBITDA for the three and six months ended June 30, 2022 and 2021, respectively:

	Three Months	Ended Ju	une 30,	Six Months E	d June 30,	
(in thousands)	2022		2021	2022		2021
Net income	\$ 73,376	\$	20,371	\$ 124,547	\$	24,818
Income tax expense	24,711		18,828	40,459		29,309
Loss on extinguishment of debt	—		2,814	—		5,999
Fair value (gain) loss on common stock warrant liabilities	_		(610)	_		26,597
Interest expense	33,574		29,212	64,564		59,176
Depreciation and amortization	86,230		84,515	168,050		158,537
Currency (gains) losses, net	(127)		33	11		69
Restructuring costs, lease impairment expense and other related charges	(95)		7,434	168		11,829
Transaction costs	22		_	41		844
Integration costs	5,203		7,622	9,291		14,964
Stock compensation expense	9,292		4,707	15,687		8,221
Other	1,149		569	2,340		(1,283)
Adjusted EBITDA	\$ 233,335	\$	175,495	\$ 425,158	\$	339,080

Included in restructuring costs for the three and six months ended June 30, 2021 was expense of approximately \$4.3 million and \$5.8 million, respectively, recognized as a result of the modification of certain equity awards associated with the Transition, Separation and Release Agreement entered into on February 25, 2021 with the Company's former President and Chief Operating Officer.

NOTE 18 - Earnings Per Share

The following table reconciles the weighted average shares outstanding for the basic calculation to the weighted average shares outstanding for the diluted calculation:

	Three Mor Jun			Six Months Ended June 30				
(in thousands)	2022	2021	2022		2021			
Numerator:								
Net income - basic	\$ 73,376	\$ 20,371	\$ 124,547	\$	24,818			
Fair value gain on common stock warrant liabilities	—	(610)	-		—			
Net income - dilutive	\$ 73,376	\$ 19,761	\$ 124,547	\$	24,818			
Denominator:								
Weighted average Common Shares outstanding - basic	223,376	228,407	222,197		228,350			
Dilutive effect of shares outstanding								
Warrants	1,746	5,705	1,818		4,000			
RSAs	18	20	22		36			
Time-based RSUs	307	599	395		622			
Performance-based RSUs	952	725	1,385		817			
Stock Options	1,085	1,081	1,166		1,074			
Weighted average Common Shares outstanding - dilutive	227,484	 236,537	226,983		234,899			



For the three and six months ended June 30, 2022, 1,252,968 and 904,379 shares of Performance-Based RSUs, respectively, were excluded from the computation of diluted EPS because their effect would have been anti-dilutive. For the three and six months ended June 30, 2021, no warrants, shares or options were excluded from the computation of diluted EPS.

ITEM 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

The following Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations ("MD&A") is intended to help the reader understand WillScot Mobile Mini Holdings Corp. ("WillScot Mobile Mini"), our operations and our present business environment. MD&A is provided as a supplement to, and should be read in conjunction with, our financial statements and the accompanying notes thereto, contained in Part I, Item 1 of this report. The discussion of results of operations in this MD&A is presented on a historical basis, as of or for the three and six months ended June 30, 2022 or prior periods.

The consolidated financial statements were prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the US ("GAAP"). We use certain non-GAAP financial metrics to supplement the GAAP reported results to highlight key operational metrics that are used by management to evaluate Company performance. Reconciliations of GAAP financial information to the disclosed non-GAAP measures are provided in the Reconciliation of Non-GAAP Financial Measures section.

Executive Summary and Outlook

We are a leading business services provider specializing in innovative flexible work space and portable storage solutions. We service diverse end markets across all sectors of the economy throughout the United States ("US"), Canada, Mexico and the United Kingdom ("UK"). We are also a leading provider of specialty containment solutions in the US with approximately 13,500 tank and pump units in our fleet. As of June 30, 2022, our branch network included approximately 280 branch locations and additional drop lots to service over 85,000 customers. We offer our customers an extensive selection of "Ready to Work" modular space and portable storage solutions with over 164,000 modular space units and over 218,000 portable storage units in our fleet.

We primarily lease, rather than sell, our modular and portable storage units to customers, which results in a highly diversified and predictable recurring revenue stream. Over 90% of new lease orders are on our standard lease agreement, pre-negotiated master lease or national account agreements. The initial lease periods vary, and our leases are customarily renewable on a month-to-month basis after their initial term. Our lease revenue is highly predictable due to its recurring nature and the underlying stability and diversification of our lease portfolio. Furthermore, given that our customers value flexibility, they consistently extend their leases or renew on a month-to-month basis such that the average effective duration of our modular space and portable storage lease portfolio, excluding seasonal portable storage units, is approximately 30 months. We complement our core leasing business by selling both new and used units, allowing us to leverage scale, achieve purchasing benefits and redeploy capital employed in our lease fleet.

Our customers operate in a diversified set of end markets, including construction, commercial and industrial, retail and wholesale trade, energy and natural resources, education, government and institutions, and healthcare. Core to our operating model is the ability to redeploy standardized assets across end markets, as we did in 2020 and 2021 to service emerging demand in the healthcare and government sectors related to COVID-19, as well as expanded space requirements related to social distancing. We track several market leading indicators to predict demand, including those related to our two largest end markets, the commercial and industrial segment and the construction segment, which collectively accounted for approximately 47% and 40% of our revenues, respectively, for the three months ended June 30, 2022.

We remain focused on our core priorities of growing leasing revenues by increasing units on rent, both organically and through our consolidation strategy, delivering "Ready to Work" solutions to our customers with value added products and services ("VAPS"), and on continually improving the overall customer experience.

Significant Developments

Amendment to the ABL Facility

On June 30, 2022, the Company amended its ABL Facility to, among other things, extend the expiration date until June 30, 2027 and increase the aggregate principal amount of revolving credit facilities from \$2.4 billion to \$3.7 billion. The amendment also converted the interest rate for borrowings denominated in US dollars from a LIBOR-based rate to a Term SOFR-based rate with an interest period of one month and adjusted the applicable margins. The applicable margin for Canadian BA rate, Term SOFR, British Pounds Sterling and Euros loans decreased to 1.50%. The applicable margin for base rate and Canadian Prime Rate loans decreased to 0.50%. The applicable margins are subject to one step down of 0.25% based on excess availability or one step up of 0.25% based on the Company's leverage ratio.

Asset Acquisitions

During the second quarter of 2022, the Company acquired certain assets and liabilities of several entities, which consisted primarily of approximately 4,100 storage units and 1,000 modular units for \$46.4 million in cash, net of cash acquired. When combined with other recent acquisitions over the past four quarters, we have acquired assets and liabilities from 12 regional and local storage and modular companies, consisting primarily of 22,300 storage units and 4,700 modular units.

Share and Warrant Repurchases

During the six months ended June 30, 2022, we repurchased and cancelled 33,965 of the 2018 Warrants for \$0.6 million. In addition, for the six months ended June 30, 2022, 1,037,379 of the 2018 Warrants were exercised on a cashless basis, resulting in the issuance of 631,863 shares of common stock. At June 30, 2022, 3,006,829 of the 2018 Warrants were outstanding.

During the six months ended June 30, 2022, we repurchased a total of 9,304,626 shares of Common Stock and stock equivalents for \$326.9 million, including the repurchased warrants. As of June 30, 2022, we had \$629.8 million remaining of a \$1 billion share repurchase authorization under our stock repurchase program. In July 2022, the Company's Board of Directors approved an increase to the share repurchase program that authorizes the Company to repurchase up to \$1.0 billion of its outstanding shares of Common Stock and equivalents. Given our growth strategy and the predictability of our free cash flow, we believe that repurchases will be a reoccurring capital allocation priority.

Second Quarter Highlights

For the three months ended June 30, 2022, as compared to the three months ended June 30, 2021 unless otherwise noted, key drivers of our financial performance included:

 Total revenues increased by \$120.5 million, or 26.1%, attributable to organic revenue growth levers in the business and due to the impact of acquisitions. Leasing revenue increased \$85.4 million, or 24.9%, and delivery and installation revenue increased \$33.7 million, or 36.8%. Additionally, rental unit sales increased \$1.3 million, or 8.6%, and new unit sales revenue increased \$0.1 million, or 0.9%. We estimate that recent acquisitions completed over the past four quarters contributed approximately \$19.0 million to total revenues for the three months ended June 30, 2022.

Key leasing revenue drivers include:

- Average portable storage units on rent increased 32,056 units, or 21.1%, and average modular space units on rent increased 2,534 units, or 2.3%, across all segments. Approximately 35% of the increase in total average units on rent was driven by increases in organic delivery activity and lower return activity during 2021 and into the first half of 2022 as economic activity rebounded versus 2020 and the other 65% was driven by units on rent added through recent acquisitions.
- Average modular space monthly rental rate increased \$117, or 15.9%, to \$853 driven by strong pricing performance across NA Modular and NA Storage segments. Average modular space monthly rental rates increased by \$130, or 16.2%, in the NA Modular segment and by \$110, or 19.2%, in the NA Storage segment. Average modular space monthly rental rates decreased by \$29, or 6.6%, in the UK Storage segment due to the weakening of the British Pound and were up £12 or 3.8% in local currency.
- Average portable storage monthly rental rate increased \$33, or 23.7%, to \$172 driven by increased pricing as a result of our price management tools and processes, further supported by tight supply of portable storage containers in the markets in which we operate.
- Average utilization for portable storage units increased to 86.0% from 77.7% for the same period in 2021 driven by increased demand in 2022 as compared to the same period in 2021. Average utilization for modular space units decreased 150 basis points ("bps") to 68.8%.
- NA Modular segment revenue, which represented 59.8% of consolidated revenue for the three months ended June 30, 2022, increased \$58.3 million, or 20.1%, to \$347.7 million. The increase was driven by our core leasing revenue, which grew \$34.4 million, or 15.8%, due to continued growth of pricing and value added products. Delivery and installation revenues increased \$18.8 million, or 34.2%, driven by increased pricing on new deliveries and returns and increased volumes as compared to 2021. Rental unit sales increased \$3.4 million, or 34.0%, and new unit sales increased \$1.6 million, or 23.2%, due to higher activity levels. NA Modular revenue drivers for the three months ended June 30, 2022 included:
 - Modular space average monthly rental rate of \$931 increased 16.2% year over year representing a continuation of our long-term price
 optimization initiative and VAPS penetration opportunities across our portfolio.
 - Average modular space units on rent increased 1,804, or 2.1%, year over year driven primarily by units on rent added through recent acquisitions.

- Average modular space monthly utilization decreased 10 bps to 67.6% for the three months ended June 30, 2022, as compared to the three months ended June 30, 2021 due to lower utilized fleet added through acquisitions.
- NA Storage segment revenue, which represented 30.1% of consolidated revenue for the three months ended June 30, 2022, increased \$59.4 million, or 51.3%, to \$175.2 million. The increase was driven by our core leasing revenue, which grew \$48.3 million, or 56.2%, due to increased units on rent driven by significant increases in delivery activity during 2021 and into the first half of 2022 as economic activity rebounded versus 2020, recent acquisition activity, and increased pricing. Delivery and installation revenues increased \$13.7 million, or 58.3%, driven by increased demand for new project deliveries, and by increased pricing on new deliveries and returns as compared to 2021. The increases to leasing revenue and delivery and installation revenues in the NA Storage segment were also impacted as a result of transitioning the majority of the portable storage product business within the NA Modular segment to the NA Storage segment in the third quarter of 2021. Rental unit sales decreased \$2.1 million, or 47.7%, and new unit sales decreased \$0.5 million, or 26.3% given constrained container supply.

NA Storage revenue drivers for the three months ended June 30, 2022 included:

- Portable storage average monthly rental rate of \$186, increased 23.2% year over year as a result of our price management tools and processes, further supported by tight supply of portable storage containers in the markets in which we operate. Modular space average monthly rental rate of \$683 increased 19.2% year over year as a result of price optimization and early benefits from increased VAPS penetration opportunities.
- Average portable storage units on rent increased 42,859, or 38.0%, year over year. Increases in organic activity in 2021 and the first half of 2022 drove an increase in average portable storage units on rent of approximately 11% or 12,000 units on rent. Of the remaining increase, approximately 18,700 units on rent were driven by units added in recent acquisitions, and approximately 12,000 units on rent were driven by transitioning the portable storage product business within the NA Modular segment to the NA Storage segment, which occurred in the third quarter of 2021. Combined, average portable storage units on rent for the NA Storage and NA Modular segments increased approximately 30,034 units, or 23.8%. Average modular space units on rent increased 1,697, or 10.4%, year over year driven by increases in organic delivery activity as well as due to units on rent acquired.
- Average portable storage monthly utilization increased 940 bps to 85.5% for the three months ended June 30, 2022, as compared to the three months ended June 30, 2021. Average modular space monthly utilization decreased 420 bps to 74.2% for three months ended June 30, 2022, as compared to the three months ended June 30, 2021.
- Generated consolidated net income of \$73.4 million for the three months ended June 30, 2022 representing an increase of \$53.0 million, or 259.8%, versus
 the three months ended June 30, 2021, and included \$5.2 million of discrete costs expensed in the period related to integration costs.
- Generated Adjusted EBITDA of \$233.3 million for the three months ended June 30, 2022, representing an increase of \$57.8 million, or 32.9%, as compared to the same period in 2021. This increase was driven primarily by increased leasing gross profit.
 - Consolidated Adjusted EBITDA Margin was 40.1% in the second quarter of 2022 and increased 200 bps versus prior year driven by increased leasing and delivery and installation margins as a result of increased volumes and pricing, partially offset by increased selling, general and administrative expense.
- Generated Free Cash Flow of \$69.4 million for the three months ended June 30, 2022 representing a decrease of \$12.7 million as compared to the same period in 2021. Net cash provided by operating activities increased \$48.8 million to \$188.3 million. Net cash used in investing activities excluding acquisitions increased by \$61.4 million to \$118.9 million to support increases in delivery activity during 2022 as economic activity rebounded versus 2021, and the related unit on rent growth.
- Returned \$249.5 million to shareholders through stock and warrant repurchases and closed four acquisitions totaling approximately 4,100 storage units
 and 1,000 modular units for \$46.4 million in cash, net of cash acquired, during the three months ended June 30, 2022. We believe the predictability of our
 free cash flow allows us to pursue multiple capital allocation priorities opportunistically, including investing in organic opportunities we see in the market,
 continuing our deleveraging trajectory, opportunistically executing accretive acquisitions, and returning capital to shareholders.

Consolidated Results of Operations

Three Months Ended June 30, 2022 Compared to the Three Months Ended June 30, 2021

Our condensed consolidated statements of operations for the three months ended June 30, 2022 and 2021 are presented below.

	Three Months Ended June 30,								
(in thousands)		2022	2021	2022 vs. 2021 \$ Change					
Revenues:									
Leasing and services revenue:									
Leasing	\$	428,620	\$ 343,179	\$ 85,441					
Delivery and installation		125,403	91,680	33,723					
Sales revenue:									
New units		11,094	11,008	86					
Rental units		16,525	15,235	1,290					
Total revenues		581,642	461,102	120,540					
Costs:									
Costs of leasing and services:									
Leasing		96,912	83,032	13,880					
Delivery and installation		93,587	77,153	16,434					
Costs of sales:									
New units		6,139	7,052	(913)					
Rental units		8,955	8,162	793					
Depreciation of rental equipment		67,176	62,893	4,283					
Gross profit		308,873	222,810	86,063					
Expenses:									
Selling, general and administrative		162,164	122,387	39,777					
Other depreciation and amortization		19,054	21,622	(2,568)					
Lease impairment expense and other related charges		(9)	474	(483)					
Restructuring costs		(86)	6,960	(7,046)					
Currency (gains) losses, net		(127)	33	(160)					
Other (income) expense, net		(3,784)	719	(4,503)					
Operating income		131,661	70,615	61,046					
Interest expense		33,574	29,212	4,362					
Fair value loss on common stock warrant liabilities		_	(610)	610					
Loss on extinguishment of debt		_	2,814	(2,814)					
Income before income tax		98,087	39,199	58,888					
Income tax expense		24,711	18,828	5,883					
Net income	\$	73,376	\$ 20,371	\$ 53,005					

Comparison of Three Months Ended June 30, 2022 and 2021

Revenue: Total revenue increased \$120.5 million, or 26.1%, to \$581.6 million for the three months ended June 30, 2022 from \$461.1 million for the three months ended June 30, 2021. Leasing revenue increased \$85.4 million, or 24.9%, as compared to the same period in 2021 driven by improved pricing and value added products, and an increase of 32,056 average portable storage units on rent driven by significant increases in delivery activity during 2021 and into the first half of 2022 as economic activity rebounded versus 2020 and recent acquisition activity. Delivery and installation revenues increased \$33.7 million, or 36.8%, due to increased overall activity. Rental unit sales increased \$1.3 million, or 8.6%, and new unit sales increased \$0.1 million, or 0.9%. We estimate that recent acquisitions completed over the past four quarters contributed approximately \$19.0 million to total revenues for three months ended June 30, 2022.

Total average units on rent for the three months ended June 30, 2022 and 2021 were 296,794 and 262,204, respectively, representing an increase of 34,590, or 13.2%. Portable storage average units on rent increased by 32,056 units, or 21.1%, for the three months ended June 30, 2022 driven by strong demand. The average portable storage unit utilization

rate during the three months ended June 30, 2022 was 86.0%, as compared to 77.7% during the same period in 2021. Modular space average units on rent increased 2,534 units, or 2.3%, for the three months ended June 30, 2022 as compared to the three months ended June 30, 2021 driven primarily by acquisitions. The average modular space unit utilization rate during the three months ended June 30, 2022 was 68.8%, as compared to 70.3% during the same period in 2021.

Modular space average monthly rental rates increased 15.9% to \$853 for the three months ended June 30, 2022. Improved pricing was achieved across all relevant segments. Average modular space monthly rental rates increased by \$130, or 16.2%, to \$931 in the NA Modular segment and by \$110, or 19.2%, in the NA Storage segment. Increases were driven by a continuation of our long-term price optimization initiative and VAPS penetration opportunities across our NA Modular segment as well as by some early application of these same price management tools and processes across the NA Storage segment. NA Storage also began to see early benefits from increased VAPS penetration opportunities.

Average portable storage monthly rental rates increased 23.7% to \$172 for the three months ended June 30, 2022 driven by our price management tools and processes, further supported by tight supply of portable storage containers in the markets in which we operate.

Gross Profit: Our gross profit percentage was 53.1% and 48.3% for the three months ended June 30, 2022 and 2021, respectively. Our adjusted gross profit percentage, which excludes the effects of depreciation, was 64.7% and 62.0% for the three months ended June 30, 2022 and 2021, respectively. Gross profit increased \$86.1 million, or 38.6%, to \$308.9 million for the three months ended June 30, 2022 from \$222.8 million for the three months ended June 30, 2022. The increase in gross profit was a result of a \$71.5 million increase in leasing gross profit, increased delivery and installation gross profit of \$17.3 million and increased new and rental unit sale margins of \$1.6 million. These increases were primarily a result of increased revenues due to favorable average monthly rental rates across both portable storage and modular space units, increased pricing on delivery and installation, as well as due to higher units on rent and increased activity levels driving higher delivery and installation revenues, partially offset by increased variable costs during the period as a result of higher activity levels in the current quarter and inflationary pressures across many of our cost categories. Depreciation increased \$4.3 million as a result of capital investments made over the past twelve months in our existing rental equipment, including the impact of recent acquisitions.

SG&A: Selling, general and administrative expense ("SG&A") increased \$39.8 million, or 32.5%, to \$162.2 million for the three months ended June 30, 2022, compared to \$122.4 million for the three months ended June 30, 2021. Employee costs excluding stock compensation increased \$15.3 million, or 28.2%, driven by a 16% increase in SG&A headcount to support both organic and inorganic growth, and increased variable compensation as a result of the growth achieved. Stock compensation expense increased \$4.6 million to \$9.3 million for the three months ended June 30, 2022, compared to \$4.7 million for the three months ended June 30, 2021. Integration costs decreased \$2.4 million to \$5.2 million for the three months ended June 30, 2022, compared to \$7.6 million for the three months ended June 30, 2021. The remaining increases were primarily driven by increased economic activity, including increased occupancy and office costs, legal and professional fees, travel expenses, and marketing cost increases.

Other Depreciation and Amortization: Other depreciation and amortization decreased \$2.5 million to \$19.1 million for the three months ended June 30, 2022 compared to \$21.6 million for the three months ended June 30, 2021. The decrease was driven by a reduction in depreciation of buildings and office equipment.

Lease Impairment Expense and Other Related Charges: Lease impairment expense and other related charges were \$0 for the three months ended June 30, 2022 as compared to \$0.5 million for the three months ended June 30, 2021. The decrease resulted from fewer closed locations during the three months ended June 30, 2022 as compared to the three months ended June 30, 2021.

Restructuring Costs: Restructuring costs were \$7.0 million for the three months ended June 30, 2021 primarily driven by employee termination costs resulting from the elimination of positions due to the Merger.

Currency (Gains) Losses, net: Currency (gains) losses, net changed by \$0.1 million to a \$0.1 million gain for the three months ended June 30, 2022 from \$0 for the three months ended June 30, 2021. This change was primarily attributable to the impact of foreign currency exchanges rate changes on intercompany receivables and payables denominated in a currency other than the subsidiary's functional currency.

Other (Income) Expense, net: Other (income) expense, net was \$3.8 million of income for the three months ended June 30, 2022 compared to \$0.7 million of expense for the three months ended June 30, 2021. Other income, net of \$3.8 million for the three months ended June 30, 2022 was primarily related to insurance proceeds received related to Hurricane Ida in the Gulf Coast area of the United States.

Interest Expense: Interest expense increased \$4.4 million, or 15.1%, to \$33.6 million for the three months ended June 30, 2022 from \$29.2 million for the three months ended June 30, 2021 due to both an increase in outstanding borrowings and an increase in the weighted average interest rate for borrowings under the ABL Facility prior to the June 30, 2022 amendment to the credit facility. See Note 9 to the condensed consolidated financial statements for further discussion of our debt.

Fair Value Loss on Common Stock Warrant Liabilities: The fair value loss on common stock warrant liabilities was \$0.6 million for the three months ended June 30, 2021, primarily due to the change in estimated fair value of common stock

warrant liabilities. Subsequent to May 2021, no 2015 Private Warrants were outstanding, and as a result, there was no fair value loss on common stock warrant liabilities recorded for the three months ended June 30, 2022.

Loss on Extinguishment of Debt: During the three months ended June 30, 2021, the Company redeemed 10% of the outstanding principal, \$58.5 million, of its 2025 Secured Notes and recorded a loss on extinguishment of debt of \$2.8 million comprised of a redemption premium of \$1.8 million and write off of unamortized deferred financing fees of \$1.0 million. There was no similar transaction in the three months ended June 30, 2022.

Income Tax Expense: Income tax expense increased \$5.9 million to \$24.7 million for the three months ended June 30, 2022 compared to \$18.8 million for the three months ended June 30, 2021. The increase in expense was driven by the pre-tax income increase for the three months ended June 30, 2022. The tax expense for the three months ended June 30, 2021 included the impact of the UK statutory rate increase enactment.

Six Months Ended June 30, 2022 Compared to the Six Months Ended June 30, 2021

Our condensed consolidated statements of operations for the six months ended June 30, 2022 and 2021 are presented below.

	 Six Months I	Ended June 30,							
(in thousands)	2022	2021	2022 vs. 2021 \$ Change						
Revenues:									
Leasing and services revenue:									
Leasing	\$ 821,812	\$ 658,841	\$ 162,971						
Delivery and installation	225,734	175,184	50,550						
Sales revenue:									
New units	17,691	21,963	(4,272)						
Rental units	25,299	30,437	(5,138)						
Total revenues	1,090,536	886,425	204,111						
Costs:									
Costs of leasing and services:									
Leasing	185,790	152,927	32,863						
Delivery and installation	175,102	147,289	27,813						
Costs of sales:									
New units	10,465	14,161	(3,696)						
Rental units	14,099	17,267	(3,168)						
Depreciation of rental equipment	129,392	118,591	10,801						
Gross profit	575,688	436,190	139,498						
Expenses:									
Selling, general and administrative	312,374	239,716	72,658						
Other depreciation and amortization	38,658	39,946	(1,288)						
Lease impairment expense and other related charges	254	1,727	(1,473)						
Restructuring costs	(86)	10,102	(10,188)						
Currency losses, net	11	69	(58)						
Other income, net	(5,093)	(1,269)) (3,824)						
Operating income	229,570	145,899	83,671						
Interest expense	64,564	59,176	5,388						
Fair value loss on common stock warrant liabilities	_	26,597	(26,597)						
Loss on extinguishment of debt		5,999	(5,999)						
Income before income tax	165,006	54,127	110,879						
Income tax expense	40,459	29,309	11,150						
Net income	\$ 124,547	\$ 24,818	\$ 99,729						



Comparison of Six Months Ended June 30, 2022 and 2021

Revenue: Total revenue increased \$204.1 million, or 23.0%, to \$1,090.5 million for the six months ended June 30, 2022 from \$886.4 million for the six months ended June 30, 2021. Leasing revenue increased \$163.0 million, or 24.7%, as compared to the same period in 2021 driven by an increase of 35,501 average modular space and portable storage units on rent as a result of increased economic activity, acquisitions, and improved pricing and value added products. Delivery and installation revenues increased \$50.5 million, or 28.8%, due to increased overall activity and increased pricing. Rental unit sales decreased \$5.1 million, or 16.8%, and new unit sales decreased \$4.3 million, or 19.5%.

Total average units on rent for the six months ended June 30, 2022 and 2021 were 294,525 and 259,024, respectively. Modular space average units on rent increased 2,140 units, or 1.9%, for the six months ended June 30, 2022 as compared to the six months ended June 30, 2021. Modular space average monthly rental rates increased 18.9% to \$836 for the six months ended June 30, 2022. Portable storage average units on rent increased by 33,361 units, or 22.4%, for the six months ended June 30, 2022. Average portable storage monthly rental rates increased 19.7% to \$164 for the six months ended June 30, 2022. The average modular space unit utilization rate during the six months ended June 30, 2022 was 68.9%, as compared to 70.3% during the same period in 2021. The average portable storage unit utilization rate during the six months ended June 30, 2022 was 85.0%, as compared to 76.1% during the same period in 2021.

Gross Profit: Our gross profit percentage was 52.8% and 49.2% for the six months ended June 30, 2022 and 2021, respectively. Our adjusted gross profit percentage, which excludes the effects of depreciation, was 64.7% and 62.6% for the six months ended June 30, 2022 and 2021, respectively. Gross profit increased \$139.5 million, or 32.0%, to \$575.7 million for the six months ended June 30, 2022 from \$436.2 million for the six months ended June 30, 2022. The increase in gross profit was a result of a \$130.1 million increase in leasing gross profit and increased delivery and installation gross profit of \$22.7 million, partially offset by decreased new and rental unit sale margins of \$2.5 million. The increases in leasing gross profit and delivery and installation gross profit were driven by favorable average monthly rental rates on modular space and portable storage units, increased pricing on delivery and installation, as well as due to higher units on rent and increased activity levels driving higher delivery and installation revenues. Depreciation increased to \$129.4 million as a result of fleet acquired through acquisitions and capital investments made in our existing rental equipment.

SG&A: SG&A increased \$72.7 million, or 30.3%, to \$312.4 million for the six months ended June 30, 2022, compared to \$239.7 million for the six months ended June 30, 2021. Employee costs excluding stock compensation increased \$32.0 million, or 29.5%, driven by recent investments in new roles to fund both organic and inorganic growth, and increased variable compensation as a result of the growth achieved. Stock compensation expense increased \$7.5 million to \$15.7 million for the six months ended June 30, 2022, compared to \$8.2 million for the six months ended June 30, 2021. Integration costs decreased \$5.7 million to \$9.3 million for the six months ended June 30, 2021. Integration costs decreased \$5.7 million to \$9.3 million for the six months ended June 30, 2021. The remaining increases were primarily driven by increased economic activity, including increased occupancy and office costs, legal and professional fees, travel expenses and marketing cost increases.

Other Depreciation and Amortization: Other depreciation and amortization decreased \$1.2 million to \$38.7 million for the six months ended June 30, 2022 compared to \$39.9 million for the six months ended June 30, 2021.

Lease Impairment Expense and Other Related Charges: Lease impairment expense and other related charges was \$0.3 million for the six months ended June 30, 2022 as compared to \$1.7 million for the six months ended June 30, 2021.

Restructuring Costs: In the six months ended June 30, 2021, the Company recorded \$10.1 million of restructuring costs primarily as a result of employee termination costs from the elimination of positions due to the Merger. Employee termination costs of \$5.8 million were settled in stock, which is non-cash, non-recurring and not included in stock compensation expense.

Currency Losses, Net: Currency losses, net decreased by \$0.1 million to \$0 for the six months ended June 30, 2022 from \$0.1 million for the six months ended June 30, 2021. This decrease was primarily attributable to the impact of foreign currency exchanges rate changes on intercompany receivables and payables denominated in a currency other than the subsidiary's functional currency.

Other Income, Net: Other income, net was \$5.1 million for the six months ended June 30, 2022 compared to \$1.3 million for the six months ended June 30, 2021. The increase was primarily attributable to insurance proceeds received related to Hurricane Ida in the Gulf Coast area of the United States.

Interest Expense: Interest expense increased \$5.4 million to \$64.6 million for the six months ended June 30, 2022 from \$59.2 million for the six months ended June 30, 2021 due to both an increase in outstanding borrowings and an increase in the weighted average interest rate for borrowings under the ABL Facility prior to the June 30, 2022 amendment to the credit facility. See Note 9 to the condensed consolidated financial statements for further discussion of our debt.

Fair Value Loss on Common Stock Warrant Liabilities: The fair value loss on common stock warrant liabilities was \$26.6 million for the six months ended June 30, 2021, primarily due to the change in estimated fair value of common stock warrant liabilities. Subsequent to May 2021, no 2015 Private Warrants were outstanding, and as a result, there was no fair value loss on common stock warrant liabilities recorded for the six months ended June 30, 2022.

Loss on Extinguishment of Debt: During the six months ended June 30, 2021, the Company redeemed \$123.5 million of the outstanding principal of its 2025 Secured Notes and recorded a loss on extinguishment of debt of \$6.0 million. There was no similar transaction in the six months ended June 30, 2022.

Income Tax Expense: Income tax expense increased \$11.2 million to expense of \$40.5 million for the six months ended June 30, 2022 compared to \$29.3 million for the six months ended June 30, 2021. The increase in expense was driven by the pre-tax income increase for the six months ended June 30, 2022. The tax expense for the six months ended June 30, 2021 included the impact of the UK statutory rate increase enactment.

Business Segment Results

The Company operates in four reportable segments as follows: NA Modular, NA Storage, UK Storage and Tank and Pump. NA Modular represents the activities of the North American modular business. NA Storage represents the activities of the North American portable storage business. UK Storage represents the results of all modular and portable storage operations in the UK. Tank and Pump represents the results of all operations for Tank and Pump services. During the third quarter of 2021, the majority of the portable storage product business within the NA Modular segment was transitioned to the NA Storage segment, and associated revenues, expenses, and operating metrics beginning in the third quarter of 2021 were transferred to the NA Storage segment, representing a shift of approximately \$5.0 million of revenue and gross margin per quarter from the NA Modular segment to the NA Storage segment. This adjustment was not made to the historical segment results of prior periods, given its relative immateriality.

The following tables and discussion summarize our reportable segment financial information for the three and six months ended June 30, 2022 and 2021.

Comparison of Three Months Ended June 30, 2022 and 2021

	Three Months Ended June 30, 2022										
(in thousands, except for units on rent and rates)		NA Modular		NA Storage		UK Storage		Tank and Pump		Total	
Revenue	\$	347,670	\$	175,220	\$	26,666	\$	32,086	\$	581,642	
Gross profit	\$	153,808	\$	121,404	\$	17,089	\$	16,572	\$	308,873	
Adjusted EBITDA	\$	127,881	\$	80,762	\$	12,230	\$	12,462	\$	233,335	
Capital expenditures for rental equipment	\$	82,482	\$	34,282	\$	7,604	\$	5,785	\$	130,153	
Average modular space units on rent		86,558		18,057		8,387		_		113,002	
Average modular space utilization rate		67.6 %		74.2 %		71.0 %		— %		68.8 %	
Average modular space monthly rental rate	\$	931	\$	683	\$	409	\$	_	\$	853	
Average portable storage units on rent		476		155,721		27,595		_		183,792	
Average portable storage utilization rate		53.7 %		85.5 %		89.8 %		— %		86.0 %	
Average portable storage monthly rental rate	\$	211	\$	186	\$	93	\$	_	\$	172	
Average tank and pump solutions rental fleet utilizatio based on original equipment cost	n	N/A		N/A		N/A		75.7 %		75.7 %	

	Three Months Ended June 30, 2021									
(in thousands, except for units on rent and rates)		NA Modular		NA Storage		UK Storage	٦	ank and Pump		Total
Revenue	\$	289,382	\$	115,794	\$	28,432	\$	27,494	\$	461,102
Gross profit	\$	116,136	\$	75,721	\$	17,937	\$	13,016	\$	222,810
Adjusted EBITDA	\$	103,545	\$	49,526	\$	12,328	\$	10,096	\$	175,495
Capital expenditures for rental equipment	\$	49,364	\$	8,773	\$	4,226	\$	2,919	\$	65,282
Average modular space units on rent		84,754		16,360		9,354		—		110,468
Average modular space utilization rate		67.7 %		78.4 %		84.3 %		— %		70.3 %
Average modular space monthly rental rate	\$	801	\$	573	\$	438	\$	— 4	\$	736
Average portable storage units on rent		13,301		112,862		25,573		—		151,736
Average portable storage utilization rate		69.8 %		76.1 %		91.8 %		— %		77.7 %
Average portable storage monthly rental rate	\$	133	\$	151	\$	88	\$	_ \$	\$	139
Average tank and pump solutions rental fleet utilization based on original equipment cost	ı	N/A		N/A		N/A		71.2 %		71.2 %

NA Modular

Revenue: Total revenue increased \$58.3 million, or 20.1%, to \$347.7 million for the three months ended June 30, 2022 from \$289.4 million for the three months ended June 30, 2021. The increase was primarily the result of a \$34.4 million, or 15.8%, increase in leasing revenue, an \$18.8 million, or 34.2%, increase in modular delivery and installation revenue, a \$3.4 million, or 34.0%, increase in rental unit sales revenue and a \$1.6 million, or 23.2%, increase in new unit sales. The increases to leasing revenue and delivery and installation revenues were partially offset by declines in revenues for portable storage units as a result of transitioning the majority of the portable storage product business within the NA Modular segment to the NA



Storage segment during the third quarter of 2021. Approximately 12,000 units were transferred during the third quarter of 2021 to the NA Storage segment, reallocating approximately \$5.0 million of revenue from the NA Modular segment to the NA Storage segment relative to the three months ended June 30, 2021. Average modular space monthly rental rates increased 16.2% for the three months ended June 30, 2022 to \$931 driven by the continuation of our long-term price optimization initiative and VAPS penetration opportunities across our portfolio. Average modular space units on rent increased by 1,804 units, or 2.1%, year over year.

Gross Profit: Gross profit increased \$37.7 million, or 32.5%, to \$153.8 million for the three months ended June 30, 2022 from \$116.1 million for the three months ended June 30, 2021. Gross profit percentage increased 410 bps to 44.2%. The increase in gross profit was driven by higher leasing gross profit, which increased \$27.9 million, or 17.9%, driven by improved pricing including VAPS. The increase in gross profit from leasing for the three months ended June 30, 2022 was further complemented by an \$11.0 million increase in delivery and installation gross profit, a \$1.6 million increase in rental unit sales gross profit. These increases were partially offset by a \$4.6 million increase in depreciation of rental equipment related to capital investments made in our existing rental equipment and additional depreciation from recent acquisitions.

Adjusted EBITDA: Adjusted EBITDA increased \$24.4 million, or 23.6%, to \$127.9 million for the three months ended June 30, 2022 from \$103.5 million for the three months ended June 30, 2021. Adjusted EBITDA margin percentage increased 100 bps to 36.8%. The increase was driven by higher leasing gross profit discussed above. SG&A, excluding discrete items, increased \$22.0 million, or 34.7%, for the three months ended June 30, 2022, as compared to the three months ended June 30, 2021 driven primarily by increased costs for personnel, including commissions and other variable compensation, the return of more normal travel expenses, and increased subscription, legal and professional fees.

Capital Expenditures for Rental Equipment: Purchases of rental equipment and refurbishments increased \$33.1 million, or 67.0%, to \$82.5 million for the three months ended June 30, 2022 from \$49.4 million for the three months ended June 30, 2021. Net CAPEX increased \$34.5 million, or 90.1%, to \$72.8 million. These increases were driven by increased refurbishments, and increased new fleet and VAPS purchases.

NA Storage

Revenue: Total revenue increased \$59.4 million, or 51.3%, to \$175.2 million for the three months ended June 30, 2022 from \$115.8 million for the three months ended June 30, 2021. Leasing revenues increased \$48.3 million in the current quarter compared to the prior-year quarter. Modular space average units on rent increased 10.4% and average modular space monthly rental rates increased 19.2% year-over-year driven primarily by increased pricing on new deliveries. Portable storage units on rent increased 42,859, or 38.0%, driven by increased organic economic activity (approximately 12,000 units on rent increase) and acquisitions (approximately 18,700 units on rent increase), and due to the transfer of approximately 12,000 portable storage units on rent from the NA Modular segment, which occurred in the third quarter of 2021. Combined, average portable storage units on rent for the NA Storage and NA Modular segments increased approximately 30,034 units, or 23.8%. Average portable storage monthly rental rates increased 23.2% year-over-year also as a result of increased pricing on new deliveries. Delivery and installation revenues increased \$13.7 million year-over-year driven by the increase in overall volumes. Sales revenues decreased \$2.6 million compared to the prior-year quarter.

Gross Profit: Gross profit increased by \$45.7 million, or 60.4%, to \$121.4 million for the three months ended June 30, 2022 compared to \$75.7 million for the three months ended June 30, 2021. Gross profit percentage increased 390 bps to 69.3%. Gross profit on leasing activity increased by \$40.7 million year-overyear driven both by increased volume and pricing as described above. For delivery and installation, gross profit increased \$6.8 million. Sales gross profit decreased by \$1.5 million to \$1.1 million.

Adjusted EBITDA: Adjusted EBITDA increased \$31.3 million, or 63.2%, to \$80.8 million for the three months ended June 30, 2022 from \$49.5 million for the three months ended June 30, 2021. Adjusted EBITDA margin percentage increased 332 bps to 46.1%. The increase in Adjusted EBITDA was driven primarily by increased leasing gross profit as described above, partially offset by increased SG&A. Excluding acquisition costs and stock-based compensation, SG&A increased \$14.8 million in this segment. The increase was comprised of increased costs for personnel, including commissions and other variable compensation to support increased commercial activity, the return of more normal travel expenses, and increased subscription and professional fees.

Capital Expenditures for Rental Equipment: Purchases of rental equipment and refurbishments increased \$25.5 million, or 289.8%, to \$34.3 million for the three months ended June 30, 2021 from \$8.8 million for the three months ended June 30, 2021. Net CAPEX decreased \$1.8 million, or 6.5%, to \$25.7 million. The increase in purchases of rental equipment and refurbishments was driven primarily by increased purchases of portable storage containers during the period to support organic growth.

UK Storage

Revenue: Total revenue decreased \$1.7 million, or 6.0%, to \$26.7 million for the three months ended June 30, 2022 from \$28.4 million for the three months ended June 30, 2021. In local currency total revenues increased 4.4%. Leasing revenues decreased \$0.8 million in the current quarter compared to the prior-year quarter. Modular space average units on



rent decreased 10.3%, while portable storage units on rent increased 7.9%. Average monthly rental rates for modular space units decreased 6.6% and average monthly rental rates for portable storage units increased 5.7% year-over-year, including the impacts of currency fluctuations. In local currency, average monthly rental rates for modular space units increased 3.8% and average monthly rental rates for portable storage increased 17.5% year-over-year. Delivery and installation revenues decreased \$0.5 million year-over-year. Sales revenues decreased \$0.4 million compared to the prior-year quarter.

Gross Profit: Gross profit decreased \$0.8 million, or 4.5%, for the three months ended June 30, 2022 to \$17.1 million from \$17.9 million for the three months ended June 30, 2021. In local currency, gross profit increased \$0.8 million, or 6.0%.

Adjusted EBITDA: Adjusted EBITDA decreased \$0.1 million, or 0.8%, to \$12.2 million for three months ended June 30, 2022 from \$12.3 million for the three months ended June 30, 2021 and the Adjusted EBITDA margin percentage expanded to 45.7% from 41.0%. The decrease results primarily from the unfavorable gross profit discussed above, partially offset by decreased SG&A of \$0.9 million. In local currency, Adjusted EBITDA increased \$0.9 million, or 10.4%.

Capital Expenditures for Rental Equipment: Purchases of rental equipment and refurbishments increased \$3.4 million, or 81.0%, to \$7.6 million for the three months ended June 30, 2022 from \$4.2 million for the three months ended June 30, 2021. Net CAPEX decreased \$1.7 million, or 27.9%, to \$4.4 million. The increase in purchases of rental equipment and refurbishments was driven primarily by increased purchases of portable storage containers during the period to support organic growth.

Tank & Pump

Revenue: Total revenue increased \$4.6 million, or 16.7%, to \$32.1 million for the three months ended June 30, 2022 from \$27.5 million for the three months ended June 30, 2021. This increase was driven by increased average original equipment cost ("OEC") rental fleet utilization, which increased 450 bps to 75.7% for the three months ended June 30, 2022 from 71.2% for the three months ended June 30, 2021.

Gross Profit: Gross profit increased \$3.6 million, or 27.7%, for the three months ended June 30, 2022 to \$16.6 million from \$13.0 million for the three months ended June 30, 2021. This increase was driven by increased gross profit for leasing activity, which increased \$3.3 million driven by the increased revenue as discussed above.

Adjusted EBITDA: Adjusted EBITDA increased \$2.4 million, or 23.8%, to \$12.5 million for the three months ended June 30, 2022 from \$10.1 million for the three months ended June 30, 2021 and the Adjusted EBITDA margin percentage expanded to 38.8% from 36.7%. The increase in Adjusted EBITDA was driven by the increased gross profit discussed above, partially offset by a \$0.7 million increase in SG&A driven primarily by increased personnel costs, including commissions and other variable compensation.

Capital Expenditures for Rental Equipment: Purchases of rental equipment and refurbishments increased \$2.9 million, or 100.0%, to \$5.8 million for the three months ended June 30, 2021. Net CAPEX increased \$2.6 million, or 86.7%, to \$5.6 million. These increases were driven primarily by increased purchases of rental fleet during the period to support organic growth given high utilization, as well as by reduced proceeds from sales of units from the rental fleet units given high utilization.

Comparison of Six Months Ended June 30, 2022 and 2021

	Six Months Ended June 30, 2022									
(in thousands, except for units on rent and rates)		NA Modular		NA Storage		UK Storage	•	Tank and Pump		Total
Revenue	\$	647,356	\$	326,704	\$	54,106	\$	62,370	\$	1,090,536
Gross profit	\$	282,739	\$	226,534	\$	35,010	\$	31,405	\$	575,688
Adjusted EBITDA	\$	231,829	\$	144,587	\$	24,774	\$	23,968	\$	425,158
Capital expenditures for rental equipment	\$	140,059	\$	54,453	\$	17,219	\$	13,658	\$	225,389
Average modular space units on rent		85,783		18,308		8,420				112,511
Average modular space utilization rate		67.3 %		75.3 %		72.3 %		— %		68.9 %
Average modular space monthly rental rate	\$	908	\$	638	\$	418	\$	— :	\$	836
Average portable storage units on rent		469		154,023		27,522		_		182,014
Average portable storage utilization rate		53.1 %		84.4 %		89.8 %		— %		85.0 %
Average portable storage monthly rental rate	\$	186	\$	176	\$	93	\$	_ :	\$	164
Average tank and pump solutions rental fleet utilization based on original equipment cost		N/A		N/A		N/A		75.8 %		75.8 %

	Six Months Ended June 30, 2021										
(in thousands, except for units on rent and rates)		NA Modular		NA Storage		UK Storage	1	ank and Pump		Total	
Revenue	\$	555,606	\$	223,542	\$	55,439	\$	51,838 \$;	886,425	
Gross profit	\$	229,138	\$	148,340	\$	34,430	\$	24,282 \$;	436,190	
Adjusted EBITDA	\$	200,916	\$	95,848	\$	23,392	\$	18,924 \$	5	339,080	
Capital expenditures for rental equipment	\$	88,499	\$	12,245	\$	10,996	\$	6,077 \$;	117,817	
Average modular space units on rent		84,737		16,399		9,235		_		110,371	
Average modular space utilization rate		67.6 %		78.9 %		84.1 %		— %		70.3 %	
Average modular space monthly rental rate	\$	769	\$	554	\$	420	\$	— \$	5	703	
Average portable storage units on rent		14,186		109,355		25,112		_		148,653	
Average portable storage utilization rate		64.8 %		75.0 %		90.5 %		— %		76.1 %	
Average portable storage monthly rental rate	\$	128	\$	150	\$	85	\$	— \$	5	137	
Average tank and pump solutions rental fleet utilization based on original equipment cost	٦	N/A		N/A		N/A		69.3 %		69.3 %	

NA Modular

Revenue: Total revenue increased \$91.8 million, or 16.5%, to \$647.4 million for the six months ended June 30, 2022 from \$555.6 million for the six months ended June 30, 2021. The increase was primarily the result of a \$67.8 million, or 16.3%, increase in leasing revenue, a \$25.8 million, or 24.9% increase in delivery and installation revenues, offset by a \$0.8 million, or 3.9%, decrease in rental unit sales revenue. The increases to leasing revenue and delivery and installation revenues were partially offset by declines in revenues for portable storage units as a result of transitioning the majority of the portable storage product business within the NA Modular segment to the NA Storage segment during the third quarter of 2021. Approximately 12,000 units were transferred during the third quarter to the NA Storage segment, reallocating approximately \$5.0 million of revenue from NA Modular segment to the NA Storage segment relative to the first six months of 2021. Average modular space monthly rental rates increased 18.1% for the six months ended June 30, 2022 to \$908 driven by the continuation of our long-term price optimization initiative and VAPS penetration opportunities across our portfolio. In addition to improved pricing, average modular space units on rent increased by 1,046 units, or 1.2%, year over year.

Gross Profit: Gross profit increased \$53.6 million, or 23.4%, to \$282.7 million for the six months ended June 30, 2022 from \$229.1 million for the six months ended June 30, 2021. The increase in gross profit was driven by higher leasing gross profit, which increased \$48.3 million, or 15.9%, driven by improved pricing including VAPS and increased modular unit on rent volumes, partially offset by the transfer of portable storage units to the NA Storage segment discussed above, and a \$13.7 million increase in delivery and installation gross profit driven by volumes and improved pricing. These increases were further complemented by a \$0.9 million increase in new sales gross profit. These increases were partially offset by a \$0.3 million decrease in rental unit sales gross profit and an \$8.8 million increase in depreciation of rental equipment related to capital investments made in our existing rental equipment.

Adjusted EBITDA: Adjusted EBITDA increased \$30.9 million, or 15.4%, to \$231.8 million for the six months ended June 30, 2022 from \$200.9 million for the six months ended June 30, 2021. The increase was driven by higher leasing gross profit discussed above. SG&A, excluding discrete items, increased \$37.1 million, or 29.5%, for the six months ended June 30, 2022, as compared to the six months ended June 30, 2021 primarily driven by employee and occupancy costs.

Capital Expenditures for Rental Equipment: Purchases of rental equipment and refurbishments increased \$51.6 million, or 58.3%, to \$140.1 million for the six months ended June 30, 2022 from \$88.5 million for the six months ended June 30, 2021

NA Storage

Revenue: Total revenue increased \$103.2 million, or 46.2%, to \$326.7 million for the six months ended June 30, 2022 from \$223.5 million for the six months ended June 30, 2021. The increase was primarily the result of a \$86.6 million, or 52.1%, increase in leasing revenue, a \$22.2 million, or 49.4% increase in delivery and installation revenues, and a \$3.9 million, or 47.0%, decrease in rental unit sales revenue. Average portable storage monthly rental rates increased 17.3% for the six months ended June 30, 2022 to \$176. Average portable storage units on rent increased by 44,668 units, or 40.8%, year over year, driven by increased organic economic activity (approximately average 15,600 units on rent increase) and acquisitions (approximately average 17,100 units on rent increase), and due to the transfer of approximately 12,000 portable storage units on rent from the NA Modular segment, which occurred in the third quarter of 2021. Average modular space monthly rental rates increased 15.2% for the six months ended June 30, 2022 to \$638 driven by the continuation of our long-term price

optimization initiative and VAPS penetration opportunities across our portfolio. Average modular space units on rent increased by 1,909 units, or 11.6%, year over year.

Gross Profit: Gross profit increased \$78.2 million, or 52.7%, to \$226.5 million for the six months ended June 30, 2022 from \$148.3 million for the six months ended June 30, 2021. Gross profit on leasing activity increased by \$73.4 million year-over-year driven both by increased volume and pricing as described above. For delivery and installation, gross profit increased \$9.6 million. Sales gross profit decreased by \$2.5 million to \$2.3 million.

Adjusted EBITDA: Adjusted EBITDA increased \$48.8 million, or 50.9%, to \$144.6 million for the six months ended June 30, 2022 from \$95.8 million for the six months ended June 30, 2021. The increase was driven by higher leasing gross profit discussed above. SG&A, excluding discrete items, increased \$31.6 million, or 48.8%, for the six months ended June 30, 2022, as compared to the June 30, 2021 primarily driven by employee and occupancy costs.

Capital Expenditures for Rental Equipment: Purchases of rental equipment and refurbishments increased \$42.3 million, or 346.7%, to \$54.5 million for the six months ended June 30, 2022 from \$12.2 million for the six months ended June 30, 2021. The increase in purchases of rental equipment and refurbishments was driven primarily by increased purchases of portable storage containers during the period to support organic growth.

UK Storage

Revenue: Total revenue decreased \$1.3 million, or 2.3%, to \$54.1 million for the six months ended June 30, 2022 from \$55.4 million for the six months ended June 30, 2021. The decrease was primarily the result of a \$0.8 million, or 6.3%, decrease in delivery and installation revenues and a \$1.6 million, or 72.7%, decrease in new unit sales revenue, partially offset by a \$1.0 million, or 2.5%, increase in leasing revenue. Average portable storage monthly rental rates increased 9.4% for the six months ended June 30, 2022 to \$93. Average portable storage units on rent increased by 2,410 units, or 9.6%, year over year. Average modular space monthly rental rates decreased 0.5% for the six months ended June 30, 2022 to \$418. Average modular space units on rent decreased by 815 units, or 8.8%, year over year. In local currency, average portable storage monthly rental rates increased 17.5% for the six months ended June 30, 2022 to £74, and average modular space monthly rental rates increased 3.8% for the six months ended June 30, 2022 to £325.

Gross Profit: Gross profit increased \$0.6 million, or 1.7%, to \$35.0 million for the six months ended June 30, 2022 from \$34.4 million for the six months ended June 30, 2021. Gross profit on leasing activity increased by \$1.6 million year-over-year driven both by increased volume and pricing as described above. For delivery and installation, gross profit decreased \$0.7 million. Sales gross profit decreased by \$0.3 million to \$0.5 million.

Adjusted EBITDA: Adjusted EBITDA increased \$1.4 million, or 6.0%, to \$24.8 million for the six months ended June 30, 2022 from \$23.4 million for the six months ended June 30, 2021. The increase was driven by higher leasing gross profit discussed above. SG&A, excluding discrete items, decreased \$0.8 million, or 6.0%, for the six months ended June 30, 2022, as compared to the June 30, 2021 primarily driven by employee and occupancy costs.

Capital Expenditures for Rental Equipment: Purchases of rental equipment and refurbishments increased \$6.2 million, or 56.4%, to \$17.2 million for the six months ended June 30, 2022 from \$11.0 million for the six months ended June 30, 2021.

Tank & Pump

Revenue: Total revenue increased \$10.6 million, or 20.5%, to \$62.4 million for the six months ended June 30, 2022 from \$51.8 million for the six months ended June 30, 2021. This increase was driven by increased average original equipment cost ("OEC") rental fleet utilization, which increased 650 bps to 75.8% for the six months ended June 30, 2022 from 69.3% for the six months ended June 30, 2021.

Gross Profit: Gross profit increased \$7.1 million, or 29.2%, to \$31.4 million for the six months ended June 30, 2022 from \$24.3 million for the six months ended June 30, 2021. Gross profit on leasing activity increased by \$6.8 million year-over-year driven by both increased volume and pricing. For delivery and installation, gross profit increased \$0.3 million. Sales gross profit decreased by \$0.2 million to \$0.6 million.

Adjusted EBITDA: Adjusted EBITDA increased \$5.0 million, or 26.2%, to \$24.0 million for the six months ended June 30, 2022 from \$19.0 million for the six months ended June 30, 2021. The increase in Adjusted EBITDA was driven by the increased gross profit discussed above, partially offset by a \$1.9 million increase in SG&A expense driven primarily by increased personnel costs, including commissions and other variable compensation.

Capital Expenditures for Rental Equipment: Purchases of rental equipment and refurbishments increased \$7.6 million, or 124.6%, to \$13.7 million for the six months ended June 30, 2022 from \$6.1 million for the six months ended June 30, 2021.

Reconciliation of Non-GAAP Financial Measures

In addition to using GAAP financial measurements, we use certain non-GAAP financial measures to evaluate our operating results. As such, we include in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q reconciliations of non-GAAP financial measures to their most directly comparable GAAP financial measures. Set forth below are definitions and reconciliations to the nearest comparable GAAP measure of certain non-GAAP financial measures used in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q along with descriptions of why we believe these measures provide useful information to investors as well as a description of the limitations of these measures. Each of these non-GAAP financial measures has limitations as an analytical tool and should not be considered in isolation from, or as a substitute for analysis of, results reported under GAAP. Our measurements of these metrics may not be comparable to similarly titled measures of other companies.

Adjusted EBITDA

We define EBITDA as net income (loss) plus interest (income) expense, income tax expense (benefit), depreciation and amortization. Our adjusted EBITDA ("Adjusted EBITDA") reflects the following further adjustments to EBITDA to exclude certain non-cash items and the effect of what we consider transactions or events not related to our core business operations:

- Currency (gains) losses, net: on monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies other than the subsidiaries' functional currency. Substantially all such currency gains (losses) are unrealized and attributable to financings due to and from affiliated companies.
- Goodwill and other impairment charges related to non-cash costs associated with impairment charges to goodwill, other intangibles, rental fleet and property, plant and equipment.
- Restructuring costs, lease impairment expense, and other related charges associated with restructuring plans designed to streamline operations and
 reduce costs including employee and lease termination costs.
- · Transaction costs including legal and professional fees and other transaction specific related costs.
- Costs to integrate acquired companies, including outside professional fees, non-capitalized costs associated with system integrations, non-lease branch and fleet relocation expenses, employee training costs and other costs required to realize cost or revenue synergies.
- Non-cash charges for stock compensation plans.
- · Gains and losses resulting from changes in fair value and extinguishment of common stock warrant liabilities.
- Other expense, including consulting expenses related to certain one-time projects, financing costs not classified as interest expense and gains and losses on disposals of property, plant and equipment.

Our Chief Operating Decision Maker ("CODM") evaluates business segment performance utilizing Adjusted EBITDA as shown in the reconciliation of the Company's consolidated net income to Adjusted EBITDA below. Management believes that evaluating segment performance excluding such items is meaningful because it provides insight with respect to the intrinsic and ongoing operating results of the Company and captures the business performance of the segments, inclusive of indirect costs.

Adjusted EBITDA has limitations as an analytical tool, and you should not consider the measure in isolation or as a substitute for net income (loss), cash flow from operations or other methods of analyzing WillScot Mobile Mini's results as reported under GAAP. Some of these limitations are:

- Adjusted EBITDA does not reflect changes in, or cash requirements for our working capital needs;
- Adjusted EBITDA does not reflect our interest expense, or the cash requirements necessary to service interest or principal payments, on our indebtedness;
- Adjusted EBITDA does not reflect our tax expense or the cash requirements to pay our taxes;
- Adjusted EBITDA does not reflect historical cash expenditures or future requirements for capital expenditures or contractual commitments;
- Adjusted EBITDA does not reflect the impact on earnings or changes resulting from matters that we consider not to be indicative of our future operations;
- although depreciation and amortization are non-cash charges, the assets being depreciated and amortized will often have to be replaced in the future and Adjusted EBITDA does not reflect any cash requirements for such replacements; and
- other companies in our industry may calculate Adjusted EBITDA differently, limiting its usefulness as a comparative measure.

Because of these limitations, Adjusted EBITDA should not be considered as discretionary cash available to reinvest in the growth of our business or as measures of cash that will be available to meet our obligations.

The following table provides unaudited reconciliations of Net income to Adjusted EBITDA:

	Three Mor Jun	nths En e 30,	ded	Six Months Ended June 30,				
(in thousands)	2022	2021			2022		2021	
Net income	\$ 73,376	\$	20,371	\$	124,547	\$	24,818	
Income tax expense	24,711		18,828		40,459		29,309	
Loss on extinguishment of debt	_		2,814		—		5,999	
Fair value (gain) loss on common stock warrant liabilities	—		(610)		—		26,597	
Interest expense	33,574		29,212		64,564		59,176	
Depreciation and amortization	86,230		84,515		168,050		158,537	
Currency (gains) losses, net	(127)		33		11		69	
Restructuring costs, lease impairment expense and other related charges	(95)		7,434		168		11,829	
Transaction costs	22		_		41		844	
Integration costs	5,203		7,622		9,291		14,964	
Stock compensation expense	9,292		4,707		15,687		8,221	
Other	1,149		569		2,340		(1,283)	
Adjusted EBITDA	\$ 233,335	\$	175,495	\$	425,158	\$	339,080	

Net Income Excluding Gain/Loss from Warrants

We define Net Income Excluding Gain/Loss from Warrants as net income plus or minus the impact of the change in the fair value of the common stock warrant liability. Management believes that the presentation of our financial statements excluding the impact of the mark-to-market adjustment provides useful information regarding our results of operations and assists in the review of our actual operating performance. The following table provides unaudited reconciliations of Net income to Net Income Excluding Gain/Loss from Warrants:

	Three Months	Ended .	June 30,	Six Months Ended June 30,				
(in thousands)	2022		2021		2022		2021	
Net income	\$ 73,376	\$	20,371	\$	124,547	\$	24,818	
Fair value (gain) loss on common stock warrant liabilities	_		(610)		_		26,597	
Net Income Excluding Gain/Loss from Warrants	\$ 73,376	\$	19,761	\$	124,547	\$	51,415	

Adjusted EBITDA Margin

We define Adjusted EBITDA Margin as Adjusted EBITDA divided by revenue. Management believes that the presentation of Adjusted EBITDA Margin provides useful information to investors regarding the performance of our business. The following table provides an unaudited reconciliation of Adjusted EBITDA Margin:

	Three Months	Ende	ed June 30,	Six Months Ended June 30,				
(in thousands)	2022		2021		2022		2021	
Adjusted EBITDA (A)	\$ 233,335	\$	175,495	\$	425,158	\$	339,080	
Revenue (B)	581,642		461,102		1,090,536		886,425	
Adjusted EBITDA Margin (A/B)	 40.1 %		38.1 %		39.0 %		38.3 %	
Net Income (C)	\$ 73,376	\$	20,371	\$	124,547	\$	24,818	
Net Income Margin % (C/B)	12.6 %		4.4 %		11.4 %		2.8 %	



Adjusted Gross Profit and Adjusted Gross Profit Percentage

We define Adjusted Gross Profit as gross profit plus depreciation on rental equipment. Adjusted Gross Profit Percentage is defined as Adjusted Gross Profit divided by revenue. Adjusted Gross Profit and Adjusted Gross Profit Percentage are not measurements of our financial performance under GAAP and should not be considered as an alternative to gross profit, gross profit percentage, or other performance measures derived in accordance with GAAP. In addition, our measurement of Adjusted Gross Profit and Adjusted Gross Profit Percentage may not be comparable to similarly titled measures of other companies. Management believes that the presentation of Adjusted Gross Profit and Adjusted Gross Profit Percentage provides useful information to investors regarding our results of operations and assists in analyzing the performance of our business.

The following table provides unaudited reconciliations of gross profit to Adjusted Gross Profit and Adjusted Gross Profit Percentage:

		Three Mo Jui	onths Er ne 30,	nded		Six Months Ended June 30,				
(in thousands)		2022		2021		2022		2021		
Revenue (A)	\$	581,642	\$	461,102	\$	1,090,536	\$	886,425		
Gross profit (B)	\$	308,873	\$	222.810	\$	575.688	\$	436,190		
Depreciation of rental equipment	•	67,176	Ŧ	62,893	Ŧ	129,392	Ŧ	118,591		
Adjusted Gross Profit (C)	\$	376,049	\$	285,703	\$	705,080	\$	554,781		
Gross Profit Percentage (B/A)		53.1 %	, 0	48.3 %	, D	52.8 %	, D	49.2 %		
Adjusted Gross Profit Percentage (C/A)		64.7 %	, D	62.0 %	, D	64.7 %	D	62.6 %		

Net CAPEX

We define Net CAPEX as purchases of rental equipment and refurbishments and purchases of property, plant and equipment (collectively, "Total Capital Expenditures"), less proceeds from the sale of rental equipment and proceeds from the sale of property, plant and equipment (collectively, "Total Proceeds"), which are all included in cash flows from investing activities. Management believes that the presentation of Net CAPEX provides useful information to investors regarding the net capital invested into our rental fleet and plant, property and equipment each year to assist in analyzing the performance of our business. The following table provides unaudited reconciliations of Net CAPEX:

	Three Mor Jun	nths E e 30,	Ended	Six Months Ended June 30,			
(in thousands)	2022		2021		2022		2021
Total purchases of rental equipment and refurbishments	\$ (130,153)	\$	(65,282)	\$	(225,389)	\$	(117,817)
Total proceeds from sale of rental equipment	20,526		15,235		35,080		30,437
Net CAPEX for Rental Equipment	 (109,627)		(50,047)		(190,309)		(87,380)
Purchase of property, plant and equipment	(9,772)		(10,143)		(20,253)		(17,450)
Proceeds from sale of property, plant and equipment	491		2,709		751		16,438
Net CAPEX	\$ (118,908)	\$	(57,481)	\$	(209,811)	\$	(88,392)

Liquidity and Capital Resources

Overview

WillScot Mobile Mini is a holding company that derives its operating cash flow from its operating subsidiaries. Our principal sources of liquidity include cash generated by operating activities from our subsidiaries, borrowings under the ABL Facility (as defined below), and sales of equity and debt securities. We believe that our liquidity sources and operating cash flows are sufficient to address our operating, debt service and capital requirements over the next twelve months.

We have consistently accessed the debt and equity capital markets both opportunistically and as necessary to support the growth of our business, desired leverage levels, and other capital allocation priorities. We believe we have ample



liquidity in the ABL Facility and are generating substantial free cash flow, which together support both organic operations and other capital allocation priorities as they arise.

We continue to review available acquisition opportunities with the awareness that any such acquisition may require us to incur additional debt to finance the acquisition and/or to issue shares of our Common Stock or other equity securities as acquisition consideration or as part of an overall financing plan. In addition, we will continue to evaluate alternatives to optimize our capital structure, which could include the issuance or repurchase of additional unsecured and secured debt, equity securities and/or equity-linked securities. There can be no assurance as to the timing of any such issuance or repurchase. If we obtain additional capital by issuing equity, the interests of our existing stockholders will be diluted. If we incur additional indebtedness, that indebtedness may contain significant financial and other covenants that may significantly restrict our operations. Availability of financing and the associated terms are inherently dependent on the debt and equity capital markets and subject to change. From time to time, we may also seek to streamline our capital structure and improve our financial position through refinancing or restructuring our existing debt or retiring certain of our securities for cash or other consideration.

Our revolving credit facility provides an aggregate principal amount of up to \$3.7 billion, consisting of: (i) a senior secured asset-based US dollar revolving credit facility in the aggregate principal amount of \$3.3 billion (the "US Facility"), and (ii) a \$400.0 million senior secured asset-based multicurrency revolving credit facility (the "Multicurrency Facility") together with the US Facility (collectively, the "ABL Facility"), available to be drawn in US Dollars, Canadian Dollars, British Pounds Sterling or Euros. Borrowing availability under the ABL Facility is equal to the lesser of \$3.7 billion and the applicable borrowing bases. The borrowing bases are a function of, among other things, the value of the assets in the relevant collateral pool. At June 30, 2022, we had \$2.0 billion outstanding principal and \$1.0 billion of available borrowing capacity under the ABL Facility.

Cash Flow Comparison for the Six Months Ended June 30, 2022 and 2021

Significant factors driving our liquidity include cash flows generated from operating activities and capital expenditures. Our ability to fund our capital needs will be affected by our ongoing ability to generate cash from operations and access to capital markets. The following summarizes our change in cash and cash equivalents for the periods presented:

	Six Months Ended June 30,					
(in thousands)		2022	2021			
Net cash from operating activities	\$	333,853	\$ 261	1,608		
Net cash from investing activities		(313,738)	(88	3,392)		
Net cash from financing activities		(20,802)	(182	2,913)		
Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents		(306)		162		
Net change in cash and cash equivalents	\$	(993)	\$ (9	9,535)		

Cash Flows from Operating Activities

Cash provided by operating activities for the six months ended June 30, 2022 was \$333.9 million as compared to \$261.6 million for the six months ended June 30, 2021, an increase of \$72.3 million, or 27.6%. The increase was due to an increase of \$87.6 million of net income, adjusted for non-cash items, partially offset by a decrease of \$15.3 million in the net changes in operating assets and liabilities.

Cash Flows from Investing Activities

Cash used in investing activities for the six months ended June 30, 2022 was \$313.7 million as compared to \$88.4 million for the six months ended June 30, 2021, an increase of \$225.3 million. The increase in cash used in investing activities was driven by a \$107.6 million increase in cash used for the purchase of rental equipment and refurbishments, a \$103.9 million increase in cash used in acquisitions, net of cash acquired, a \$15.7 million decrease in proceeds from sale of property, plant and equipment, and a \$2.8 million increase in cash used for the purchase of property, plant and equipment, partially offset by a \$4.7 million increase in proceeds from the sale of rental equipment.

Cash Flows from Financing Activities

Cash used in financing activities for the six months ended June 30, 2022 was \$20.8 million as compared to \$182.9 million for the six months ended June 30, 2021, a decrease of \$162.1 million. The decrease was primarily due to a \$219.6 million decrease in repayment of borrowings and a \$66.7 million increase in receipts from borrowings, partially offset by a \$104.9 million increase in the repurchase and cancellation of common stock and warrants.

Free Cash Flow

Free Cash Flow is a non-GAAP measure. We define Free Cash Flow as net cash provided by operating activities, less purchases of, and proceeds from, rental equipment and property, plant and equipment, which are all included in cash flows from investing activities. Management believes that the presentation of Free Cash Flow provides useful additional information concerning cash flow available to fund our capital allocation alternatives.

The following table provides a reconciliation of net cash provided by operating activities to Free Cash Flow.

	Three Months Ended June 30,					Six Months Ended June 30,				
(in thousands)		2022		2021		2022		2021		
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$	188,326	\$	139,537	\$	333,853	\$	261,608		
Purchase of rental equipment and refurbishments		(130,153)		(65,282)		(225,389)		(117,817)		
Proceeds from sale of rental equipment		20,526		15,235		35,080		30,437		
Purchase of property, plant and equipment		(9,772)		(10,143)		(20,253)		(17,450)		
Proceeds from the sale of property, plant and equipment		491		2,709		751		16,438		
Free Cash Flow	\$	69,418	\$	82,056	\$	124,042	\$	173,216		

Cash flow from operations increased by \$72.3 million or 27.6% for the six months ended June 30, 2022 as compared to the six months ended June 30, 2021. Cash used in investing activities excluding acquisitions increased by \$121.4 million to support unit on rent and VAPS growth with leasing revenues up 24.7% year-over-year. Free cash flow of \$124.0 million for the six months ended June 30, 2022 was down \$49.2 million as compared to the six months ended June 30, 2021 which is consistent with the countercyclicality of free cash flow in our business.

Material cash requirements

The Company's material cash requirements include the following contractual and other obligations:

Debt

The Company has outstanding debt related to its ABL Facility, 2025 Secured Notes, 2028 Secured Notes, and finance leases, totaling \$3.1 billion as of June 30, 2022, \$20.7 million of which is obligated to be repaid within the next twelve months. Refer to Note 9 for further information regarding outstanding debt.

Operating leases

The Company has commitments for future minimum rental payments relating to operating leases, which are primarily for equipment and office space. As of June 30, 2022, the Company had lease obligations of \$275.9 million, with \$60.4 million payable within the next twelve months.

In addition to the aforementioned cash requirements, the Company has a Share Repurchase Program authorized by the Board of Directors which allows the Company to repurchase up to \$1.0 billion of outstanding shares of Common Stock and equivalents. This program does not obligate the Company to repurchase any specific amount of shares.

The Company believes its cash, cash flows generated from ongoing operations, continued access to its revolving credit facility, as well as access to debt markets, are sufficient to satisfy its currently anticipated cash requirements for the foreseeable future.

Critical Accounting Policies and Estimates

Our discussion and analysis of our financial condition, results of operations, liquidity and capital resources is based on our condensed consolidated financial statements, which have been prepared in accordance with GAAP. GAAP requires that we make estimates and judgments that affect the reported amount of assets, liabilities, revenue, expenses and the related disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities. We base these estimates on historical experience and on various other assumptions that we consider reasonable under the circumstances, and reevaluate our estimates and judgments as appropriate. The actual results experienced by us may differ materially and adversely from our estimates.

The US Securities and Exchange Commission (the "SEC") suggests companies provide additional disclosure on those accounting policies considered most critical. The SEC considers an accounting policy to be critical if it is important to our financial condition and results of operations and requires significant judgments and estimates on the part of management in its application. For a complete discussion of our significant critical accounting policies, see the "Critical Accounting Policies and Estimates" section in Part II, Item 7 of our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2021 (the "2021 Annual Report on Form 10-K").

There were no significant changes to our critical accounting policies during the six months ended June 30, 2022.

Recently Issued Accounting Standards

Refer to Part I, Item 1, Note 1 of the notes to our financial statements included in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for our assessment of recently issued accounting standards.

Cautionary Note Regarding Forward-Looking Statements

This Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q contains forward-looking statements within the meaning of the US Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995 and Section 21E of the Securities Act of 1934, as amended. The words "estimates," "expects," "anticipates," "believes," "forecasts," "plans," "intends," "may," "will," "should," "shall," "outlook," "guidance" and variations of these words and similar expressions identify forward-looking statements, which are generally not historical in nature and relate to expectations for future financial performance or business strategies or objectives. Forward-looking statements are subject to a number of risks, uncertainties, assumptions and other important factors, many of which are outside our control, which could cause actual results or outcomes to differ materially from those discussed in the forward-looking statements. Although we believe that these forward-looking statements are based on reasonable assumptions, we can give no assurance that any such forward-looking statement will materialize. Important factors that may affect actual results or outcomes include, among others:

- · our ability to successfully acquire and integrate new operations;
- the effect of global or local economic conditions in the industries and markets in which the Company operates and any changes therein, including financial
 market conditions and levels of end market demand;
- · operational, economic, political and regulatory risks;
- the impact of public health crises, such as the global pandemic related to COVID-19, including the financial condition of the Company's customers and suppliers and employee health and safety;
- risks associated with cybersecurity and IT systems disruptions, including our ability to manage the business in the event a disaster shuts down our management information systems;
- · effective management of our rental equipment;
- · trade policies and changes in trade policies, including the imposition of tariffs, their enforcement and downstream consequences;
- our ability to effectively compete in the modular space, portable storage and tank and pump industries;
- · our ability to effectively manage our credit risk, collect on our accounts receivable, or recover our rental equipment;
- · the effect of changes in state building codes on our ability to remarket our buildings;
- foreign currency exchange rate exposure;
- · fluctuations in interest rates and commodity prices;
- · significant increases in the costs and restrictions on the availability of raw materials and labor;
- fluctuations in fuel costs or oil prices, a reduction in fuel supplies, or a sustained decline in oil prices;
- our reliance on third party manufacturers and suppliers;
- risks associated with labor relations, labor costs and labor disruptions;
- · impairment of our goodwill, intangible assets and indefinite-life intangible assets;
- · various laws and regulations, including those governing government contracts, corruption and the environment;
- changes in the competitive environment of our customer base as a result of the global, national or local economic climate in which they operate and/or economic or financial disruptions to their industry;
- · our ability to adequately protect our intellectual property and other proprietary rights that are material to our business;
- natural disasters and other business disruptions such as pandemics, fires, floods, hurricanes, earthquakes and terrorism;
- · our ability to establish and maintain the appropriate physical presence in our markets;
- property, casualty or other losses not covered by our insurance;
- our ability to close our unit sales transactions;
- our ability to maintain an effective system of internal controls and accurately report our financial results;
- · evolving public disclosure, financial reporting and corporate governance expectations;
- our ability to achieve our environmental, social and governance goals;
- · our ability to use our net operating loss carryforwards and other tax attributes;
- our ability to recognize deferred tax assets such as those related to our tax loss carryforwards and, as a result, utilize future tax savings;
- unanticipated changes in tax obligations, adoption of a new tax legislation, or exposure to additional income tax liabilities;
- · our ability to access the capital and credit markets or the ability of key counterparties to perform their obligations to us:

- our ability to service our debt and operate our business;
- our ability to incur significant additional amounts of debt, which could further exacerbate the risks associated with our substantial indebtedness;
- · covenants that limit our operating and financial flexibility;
- uncertainty regarding the phase-out of LIBOR;
- · our stock price volatility; and
- such other risks and uncertainties described in the periodic reports we file with the SEC from time to time (including our 2021 Annual Report on Form 10-K), which are available through the SEC's EDGAR system at www.sec.gov and on our website.

Any forward-looking statement speaks only at the date which it is made, and we undertake no obligation, and disclaims any obligation, to update or revise any forward-looking statements, whether as a result of new information, future events or otherwise, except as required by law.

ITEM 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures about Market Risk

We are exposed to certain market risks from changes in foreign currency exchange rates and interest rates. Changes in these factors cause fluctuations in our earnings and cash flows. We evaluate and manage exposure to these market risks as follows:

Interest Rate Risk

We are primarily exposed to interest rate risk through our ABL Facility, which bears interest at variable rates. We had \$2.0 billion in outstanding principal under the ABL Facility at June 30, 2022.

To manage this risk, through May 2022, we maintained an interest rate swap agreement that effectively converted \$400.0 million in aggregate notional amount of variable-rate debt under our ABL Facility into fixed-rate debt. The swap agreement provided for us to pay a fixed rate of 3.06% per annum on the outstanding debt in exchange for receiving a variable interest rate based on 1-month LIBOR. The effect was a synthetically fixed rate of 5.19% on the \$400.0 million notional amount, when including the current applicable margin. The swap agreement terminated on May 29, 2022.

An increase in interest rates by 100 basis points on our ABL Facility would increase our quarter to date interest expense by approximately \$4.7 million based on current outstanding borrowings.

Foreign Currency Risk

We currently generate the majority of our consolidated net revenues in the US, and the reporting currency for our consolidated financial statements is the US dollar. However, we are exposed to currency risk principally through our operations in Canada, Mexico, and the United Kingdom. For the operations outside the US, we bill customers primarily in their local currency, which is subject to foreign currency rate changes. As our net revenues and expenses generated outside of the US increase, our results of operations could be adversely impacted by changes in foreign currency exchange rates. Since we recognize foreign revenues in local foreign currencies, if the US dollar strengthens, it could have a negative impact on our foreign revenues upon translation of those results into the US dollar for consolidation into our financial statements.

In addition, we are exposed to gains and losses resulting from fluctuations in foreign currency exchange rates on transactions generated by our foreign subsidiaries in currencies other than their local currencies. These gains and losses are primarily driven by intercompany transactions and rental equipment purchases denominated in currencies other than the functional currency of the purchasing entity. These exposures are included in currency (gains) losses, net, on the condensed consolidated statements of operations. To date, we have not entered into any hedging arrangements with respect to foreign currency risk.

ITEM 4. Controls and Procedures

Evaluation of Disclosure Controls and Procedures

Our management, with participation of our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, has evaluated the effectiveness of our disclosure controls and procedures as defined in Rule 13a-15(e) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 as amended (the "Exchange Act"), as of June 30, 2022. Based upon that evaluation, our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer concluded that our disclosure controls and procedures were effective as of June 30, 2022.



Changes in Internal Controls

There were no changes in our internal control over financial reporting that occurred during our quarter ended June 30, 2022 that materially affected or are reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting.

PART II

ITEM 1. Legal Proceedings

The Company is involved in various lawsuits, claims and legal proceedings that arise in the ordinary course of business. The Company assesses these matters on a case-by-case basis as they arise and establishes reserves as required. As of June 30, 2022, with respect to these outstanding matters, the Company believes that the amount or range of reasonably possible loss will not, either individually or in the aggregate, have a material adverse effect on the consolidated financial position, results of operations, or cash flows of the Company. However, the outcome of such matters is inherently unpredictable and subject to significant uncertainties.

ITEM 1A. Risk Factors

The Company's financial position, results of operations and cash flows are subject to various risks, many of which are not exclusively within the Company's control, which may cause actual performance to differ materially from historical or projected future performance. In addition to the other information set forth in this report, you should carefully consider the risk factors discussed in Item 1A. of our 2021 Annual Report on Form 10-K, which have not materially changed.

ITEM 2. Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities

The following table summarizes our purchase of Common Stock and equivalents during the second quarter of 2022:

Period	Total Number of Shares and Equivalents Purchased (in thousands)	Average Price Paid per Share	Total Number of Shares and Equivalents Purchased as part of Publicly Announced Plan (in thousands)	of Shares and Equivalents that May Yet Be Purchased Under the Plans (in millions)	
April 1, 2022 to April 30, 2022	Common Stock - 1,052.4 \$	37.00	1,052.4 _s	840.3	
7,pm 1, 2022 (07,pm 00, 2022	2018 Warrants - 0	N/A	N/A Č	040.0	
May 1, 2022 to May 31, 2022	Common Stock - 1,837.0 \$	34.52	1,837.0	5 776.4	
May 1, 2022 to May 31, 2022	2018 Warrants - 12.6 \$	34.26	12.6	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	
June 1, 2022 to June 31, 2022	Common Stock - 4,332.5 \$	33.84	4,332.5	629.8	
Julie 1, 2022 to Julie 31, 2022	2018 Warrants - 0	N/A	N/A *	029.0	
Total	7,234.5 \$	34.47	7,234.5		

A share repurchase program authorizes the Company to repurchase up to \$1.0 billion of its outstanding shares of Common Stock and equivalents. As of June 30, 2022, \$629.8 million of the \$1.0 billion share repurchase authorization remained available for use. In July 2022, the Company's Board of Directors approved an increase to the share repurchase program that authorizes the Company to repurchase up to \$1.0 billion of its outstanding shares of Common Stock and equivalents.

ITEM 3. Defaults Upon Senior Securities

None.

ITEM 4. Mine Safety Disclosures

Not applicable.

ITEM 5. Other Information

None.

ITEM 6. Exhibits

3.1(a)		Amended and Restated Certificate of Incorporation of WillScot Mobile Mini Holdings Corp. (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3.1(b) of the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K, filed July 1, 2020).
3.1(b)		Certificate of Amendment to Amended and Restated Certificate of Incorporation of WillScot Mobile Mini Holdings Corp. (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3.1 of the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K, filed June 16, 2021).
3.1(c)		Certificate of Amendment of Certificate of Incorporation, filed June 3, 2022 with the Secretary of State of the State of Delaware (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3.1 of the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K, filed June 3, 2022)
10.1		Transition, Separation and Release Agreement, dates as of April 21, 2022, by and between WillScot Mobile Mini Holdings Corp. and Christopher J. Miner (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 of the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K, filed April 26, 2022)
10.2		Amended and Restated Employment Agreement with Hezron Lopez (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 of the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K, filed June 6, 2022)
10.3		Fourth Amendment to the ABL Credit Agreement, dated as of June 30, 2022, by and among Williams Scotsman, Inc., Williams Scotsman Holdings Corp., the other Loan Parties thereto and Bank of America, N.A., as administrative agent, collateral agent and swingline lender (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 of the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K, filed July 1, 2022)
31.1	*	Certification of Chief Executive Officer pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002
31.2	*	Certification of Chief Financial Officer pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002
32.1	**	Certification of Chief Executive Officer pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002
32.2	**	Certification of Chief Financial Officer pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002
101.INS		XBRL Instance Document - the instance document does not appear in the Interactive Data File because its XBRL tags are embedded within the Inline XBRL document
101.SCH		XBRL Taxonomy Extension Schema Document
101.CAL		XBRL Taxonomy Extension Calculation Linkbase Document
101.DEF		XBRL Taxonomy Extension Definition Linkbase Document
101.LAB		XBRL Taxonomy Extension Label Linkbase Document
101 PRF		XBRI Taxonomy Extension Presentation Linkbase Document

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 101.PRE
 XBRL Taxonomy Extension Presentation Linkbase Document

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 *

 Inline XBRL for the cover page of this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q, included in the Exhibit 101 Inline XBRL Document Set.

*Filed herewith

**Furnished (and not filed) herewith pursuant to Item 601(b)(32)(ii) of Regulation S-K under the Exchange Act

Signature

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

WillScot Mobile Mini Holdings Corp.

Dated: August 4, 2022

By: /s/ TIMOTHY D. BOSWELL

Timothy D. Boswell President & Chief Financial Officer (Principal Financial Officer and Duly Aut Signing Officer)

Certification of Chief Executive Officer Pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002

I, Bradley L. Soultz, certify that:

1. I have reviewed this quarterly report on Form 10-Q of WillScot Mobile Mini Corp.;

2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;

3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;

4. The registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:

a) designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;

b) designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;

c) evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and

d) disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and

5. The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):

a) all significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and

b) any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: August 4, 2022

/s/ BRADLEY L. SOULTZ

Bradley L. Soultz Chief Executive Officer and Director (Principal Executive Officer)

Certification of Chief Financial Officer Pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002

I, Timothy D. Boswell, certify that:

1. I have reviewed this quarterly report on Form 10-Q of WillScot Mobile Mini Corp.;

2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;

3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;

4. The registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:

a) designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;

b) designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;

c) evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and

d) disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and

5. The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):

a) all significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and

b) any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: August 4, 2022

/s/ TIMOTHY D. BOSWELL

Timothy D. Boswell President and Chief Financial Officer (Principal Financial Officer)

Certification of Chief Executive Officer

Pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as created by Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, the undersigned officer of WillScot Mobile Mini Corp. (the "Company") hereby certifies, to such officer's knowledge, that:

(i) the quarterly report on Form 10-Q of the Company for the period ended June 30, 2022 (the "Report") fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or Section 15(d), as applicable, of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended; and

(ii) the information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.

Date: August 4, 2022

/s/ BRADLEY L. SOULTZ

Bradley L. Soultz Chief Executive Officer and Director (Principal Executive Officer)

Exhibit 32.2

Certification of Chief Financial Officer

Pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as created by Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, the undersigned officer of WillScot Mobile Mini Corp. (the "Company") hereby certifies, to such officer's knowledge, that:

(i) the quarterly report on Form 10-Q of the Company for the period ended June 30, 2022 (the "Report") fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or Section 15(d), as applicable, of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended; and

(ii) the information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.

Date: August 4, 2022

/s/ TIMOTHY D. BOSWELL

Timothy D. Boswell President and Chief Financial Officer (Principal Financial Officer)